

# Joint Collaborative Academic Program of Rawalpindi Medical University and Al Azhar University for Gaza students





# **Preamble**

In the face of adversity, the pursuit of knowledge remains unwavering. For the students of Al-Azhar University, a renowned institution steeped in academic excellence, the ongoing conflict in their home country has brought significant challenges to their education. Forced to leave behind the familiar halls of their university, many have sought refuge in alternative pathways to continue their medical education and fulfill their aspirations of becoming compassionate, skilled healthcare professionals.

As the war continues to disrupt normal life and educational institutions, the students of Al-Azhar University have turned to Rawalpindi Medical University in Pakistan—a respected institution with a rich history of producing competent doctors and healthcare leaders. Rawalpindi Medical University, with its state-of-the-art facilities, diverse student body, and strong academic framework, has opened its doors to these students, providing them with an opportunity to pursue their medical degrees amidst uncertain circumstances.

This act of resilience and determination is not merely a testament to the indomitable spirit of these young scholars but also to the power of global academic collaboration in times of crisis. As they embark on this new chapter of their academic journey, these students carry with them not only the hopes of their families but also the aspirations of their communities, who continue to look to them as future leaders in the field of medicine. Through perseverance and dedication, they will overcome the challenges of displacement, continuing their education and ultimately contributing to the healing of a world ravaged by conflict.



## **Word By Vice Chancellor**



Prof. Dr. Muhammad Umar (Sitara-e-Imtiaz) Vice Chancellor, RMU & Allied hospitals

It is with great pride and a deep sense of responsibility that we welcome the students of Al-Azhar University to Rawalpindi Medical University in these challenging times. The world has witnessed immense hardship as conflict disrupts the lives and futures of countless individuals, and it is with a spirit of solidarity and compassion that we extend our support to these dedicated medical students, who, despite the adversity they face, have shown remarkable resilience in their pursuit of knowledge.

The collaboration between our institutions is a testament to the strength of global academic partnerships. It highlights the enduring power of education, which transcends borders, conflict, and hardship. Rawalpindi Medical University has always believed in the transformative power of learning, and we are honored to provide a safe, supportive environment where these students can continue their medical studies, grow in their knowledge, and ultimately fulfill their dreams of serving humanity as healthcare professionals.

Our university has a long tradition of nurturing talent and fostering academic excellence. In welcoming the students of Al-Azhar University, we reaffirm our commitment to upholding these values, not only for the students who are part of this collaboration but also for the communities they will one day serve. These young scholars bring with them academic potential and the strength of character and determination born out of their experiences in these turbulent times. We believe that through our combined efforts, they will emerge as doctors and symbols of hope, resilience, and healing for a world in need.

I extend my heartfelt gratitude to all those who have worked tirelessly to make this collaboration possible. Let this partnership serve as a reminder that, even in the face of great challenges, we can find ways to work together and support each other. To the students of Al-Azhar University, know that you are not alone in this journey. We are with you every step of the way, and we are proud to be part of your educational path during this critical moment in history.

Together, we will heal, we will learn, and we will emerge stronger.

# Word by Principal



## **Prof Jahangir Sarwar Khan**

# **Principal RMC**

It is an honor to welcome the students of Al-Azhar University to Rawalpindi Medical University. In these difficult times, when conflict has forced many to seek refuge far from home, we stand united in our commitment to education and the future of healthcare. This collaboration is a symbol of resilience, compassion, and shared purpose. By providing these talented students with the opportunity to continue their medical studies, we are not only helping them pursue their dreams but also nurturing the next generation of doctors who will heal and uplift their communities, wherever they may be.

We are proud to support these students in their academic journey and are confident that, together, we will build a brighter future through education, collaboration, and unwavering determination.

# Word by Professor Incharge



Prof Nasir Khan Dean Diagnostics, Prof Incharge Al Azhar RMU program

In the spirit of scholarly collaboration, this joint academic initiative aims to provide students, researchers, and faculty from both institutions with a unique opportunity to engage in shared learning, innovative research, and the exchange of knowledge across disciplines. By coming together, we unite the rich intellectual traditions of Al-Azhar University, one of the oldest and most esteemed educational institutions in the world, with the cutting-edge academic approaches of RMU. As the Professor-in-Charge of this initiative, I am deeply committed to overseeing the smooth execution of this collaboration and ensuring that its outcomes are meaningful for all involved. Together, we will provide an environment that encourages intellectual curiosity, nurtures creativity, and strengthens the bonds of mutual respect and understanding.

## Word by Authors

As authors and contributors to this important academic collaboration between **RMU** and **Al-Azhar University**, we are honored to offer our thoughts and reflections on this momentous occasion. The joint academic session before you marks not only a significant step in academic partnership but also a profound opportunity to bridge the knowledge, traditions, and expertise of our two esteemed institutions. At the heart of this collaboration lies a shared belief in the power of education to transform individuals, communities, and societies. The merging of the rich intellectual heritage of **Al-Azhar University** with the dynamic, forward-thinking academic environment of **RMU** creates a unique platform for innovation and growth. Through this partnership, we aim to promote cross-disciplinary research, enhance learning experiences, and encourage deeper cultural understanding.

The works and research presented within this document represent the dedication, passion, and hard work of many individuals from both universities. Each contribution is a reflection of the commitment we share to advancing knowledge and addressing some of the pressing challenges of our time. Our collaborative efforts span a variety of fields—ranging from science and technology to social sciences, humanities, and Islamic studies—and embody the diverse strengths of our institutions.

As authors, we recognize the importance of our collective responsibility in shaping the academic and intellectual futures of the students and communities we serve. The joint academic session is a testament to our belief in the power of partnerships that transcend geographical, cultural, and disciplinary boundaries. We believe that the knowledge exchanged in this session will not only deepen our academic understanding but will also foster lasting relationships among scholars, researchers, and students across borders. We extend our deepest gratitude to the leadership, faculty, and students of both **RMU** and **Al-Azhar University** for their unwavering support and participation in this endeavor. We also express our appreciation for the organizers and all those who have worked tirelessly to bring this session to fruition.



Dr Mehwish Riaz Assistant Professor Community Medicine Coordinator for Al Azhar RMU Program



Dr Omaima Asif Assistant Director DME, RMU DME Coordinator for Al Azhar RMU Program

# **Objectives**

Enhanced academic skills	• Ensure seamless transition of Al Azhar University students into RMU's academic and clinical system
Skill development	• Foster the development of clinical,academic and professional competencies
Psychological support	<ul> <li>Address the psychological and emotional needs of Al Azhar University students</li> </ul>

# **Introduction**

This document outlines the academic and administrative framework supporting the integration of medical students from Al-Azhar University into Rawalpindi Medical University, following the ongoing conflict in their home country. As these students continue their medical education under extraordinary circumstances, we must provide a comprehensive overview of their demographics, clinical and psychological assessments, and the adapted curriculum designed to ensure their academic success and well-being.

## **Demographics**

The students of Al-Azhar University who have sought to continue their studies at Rawalpindi Medical University represent a diverse group, each with their own unique academic and personal backgrounds. This section provides a detailed profile of the student body, including their age, academic standing, and previous medical training. Understanding the demographics of these students is essential for tailoring academic support, facilitating their integration into campus life, and fostering an environment that promotes mutual understanding and respect among all learners.

## **Clinical and Psychological Assessment**

The displacement caused by the ongoing conflict has impacted the students in various ways, and as such, their clinical and psychological needs must be carefully assessed and addressed. This section highlights the initial clinical evaluations conducted to assess their health and fitness for continuing medical training. In addition, it provides a psychological assessment to evaluate the emotional and mental well-being of these students, many of whom have faced trauma, stress, and uncertainty. The goal is to ensure that each student receives the necessary support to thrive academically and emotionally in their new environment.

## **Curriculum Adaptation and Support**

Given the unique circumstances of these students, the curriculum at Rawalpindi Medical University has been adapted to meet their academic needs while ensuring continuity in their medical education. This section outlines the structure of the modified curriculum, including key areas of focus, courses, and clinical exposure tailored to help these students catch up on missed content while maintaining the high standards of medical education that Rawalpindi Medical University is known for. Additionally, it highlights the academic support systems in place, such as tutoring, mentoring, and counseling services, to ensure that these students have the resources they need to succeed.

This document serves as a comprehensive guide to the integration process for the students of Al-Azhar University, providing an overview of their demographics, clinical and psychological assessments, and the curriculum designed to support their continued medical education. Through this collaborative effort, Rawalpindi Medical University remains steadfast in its commitment to fostering an inclusive, supportive, and academically rigorous environment for all students, particularly in times of crisis.

# Section I

# **Students Profile**

- Welcome day
- Registration at RMU
- Demographic profile
- Physical and psychological assessment
- Academic assessment
- Mentorship program
- Extracurricular activities

# Welcome day at RMU

On October 30, 2024, a formal welcome event was held at the New Teaching Block of Rawalpindi Medical University (RMU) to welcome students from Al-Azhar University. The event commenced at 9:00 AM with a red-carpet welcome, and national anthem of Pakistan and Palestine were played, creating an atmosphere of unity and respect.

A welcome note was delivered by RMU students, followed by the screening of a documentary titled *Life at RMU*, which provided an insightful overview of student life and academic culture at the university. An introduction to the mentorship program was presented, highlighting its objectives and benefits. The Principal of RMU addressed the audience, followed by a speech from the Vice Chancellor of RMU Subsequent addresses were delivered by the President of PMDC and the Dean of Al Azhar University, emphasizing the importance of academic collaboration and professional development. The White Coat Ceremony, a key event highlight took place, symbolizing the students' commitment to the medical profession. Refreshments were served at the end, providing an opportunity for informal interaction among participants. The event concluded with a guided campus and hospital tour, leaving a lasting impression on the visiting students and setting the stage for future collaboration.



# **Registration at RMU**





Ref.

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Fax. 0092-519290519 Ex. 0092-51-9290755 Fax. 0092-51-9290519 Email: info@rmur.edu.pk

Dated:

OFFICE NOTE

As per direction of PMDC the following GAZA Students have been provisionally nominated in  $4^{\oplus}$  year MBBS class session 2023-2024. Their Roll No are as under

Roll No.		Name	Gender	Class Year	Passport Number
G-1	GA-1-RMU-2024	Arwa R. M. Bolbol	female	4 <sup>50</sup>	5135033
G-2	GA-2-RMU-2024	AHMED M. K. ALASHQAR	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5412101
G-3	GA-3-RMU-2024	Marah Akram Hassan Nijim	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5935660
G-4	GA-4-RMU-2024	MOHAMMED A. H. ISMAIL	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5050736
G-5	GA-5-RMU-2024	MOMIN A. F. RADWAN	maie	4 <sup>th</sup>	6043870
G-6	GA-6-RMU-2024	IBRAHIM F. A. MUHAISEN	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	6036056
G-7	GA-7-RMU-2024	Karim K. M. Altawashi	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	6073195
G-8	GA-8-RMU-2024	Haya M.S.Alkahlout	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5050854
G-9	GA-9-RMU-2024	MAHMOUD M. M. SHAMIA	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5049791
G-10	GA-10-RMU-2024	Heba M M Mourtaga	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5468756
G-11	GA-11-RMU-2024	NASER R. N. ABUSHAMMALA	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5051655
G-12	GA-12-RMU-2024	Hamza B H Abushammala	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5173262
G-13	GA-13-RMU-2024	Mohammed S. S. Jaber	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5050787
G-14	GA-14-RMU-2024	JAMILA M. M. IDREES	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5882835
G-15	GA-15-RMU-2024	KARIM N. H. ALJURF	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5928949
G-16	GA-16-RMU-2024	MOHAMMED A. M. ALMEGHARI	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	4690739
G-17	GA-17-RMU-2024	Mohammed A. J. Jamad 5066161	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5066161
G-18	GA-18-RMU-2024	ALAA A. M. SOBOH	female	4 <sup>sh</sup>	5057535
G-19	GA-19-RMU-2024	Abdallah W. A. Muhaisen	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5707601
G-20	GA-20-RMU-2024	OMAR J. S. ALDADAH	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	6194878
G-21	GA-21-RMU-2024	DIMA N. A. ALDALSA	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5918105
G-22	GA-22-RMU-2024	EMAN H. H. KUHEIL	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	6025386
G-23	GA-23-RMU-2024	Tagreed M.M.Masoud	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	6071745
5-24	GA-24-RMU-2024	Mohamed R M Tahtawi	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5050274
G-25	GA-25-RMU-2024	YARA A. H. ALSAYEDSALIM	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5139381
5-26	GA-26-RMU-2024	LAMIS A. A. ALFARRA	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5823391
5-27	GA-27-RMU-2024	MONTHER B. A. KARAJA	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5414344
		HAYA M. A. ALFARRA	female	4 4 <sup>th</sup>	5823680
5-28	GA-28-RMU-2024			4 Ath	
5-29	GA-29-RMU-2024	BASEL H.M. ABUSAQER	male	4	6194859

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Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Ref.

G-30	GA-30-RMU-2024	MOHAMMED K S ZREID	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5952480
G-31	GA-31-RMU-2024	BISAN M.S.SAED	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	6179294
G-32	GA-32-RMU-2024	HADEEL L.R.HAMADA	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5054760
G-33	GA-33-RMU-2024	Hanan m.s.aldanaf	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	4898703
G-34	GA-34-RMU-2024	OSAMA Y.A ALDERDESAWY	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5926968
G-35	GA-35-RMU-2024	Hammam M S Helassa	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	5051858
G-36	GA-36-RMU-2024	Asmaa Zakria Ahmad Alnajjar	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5926618
G-37	GA-37-RMU-2024	NOUR T. M. DIAB	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	5952888
G-38	GA-38-RMU-2024	ABDULLA W A DAOUD	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	505776
G-39	GA-39-RMU-2024	TAREQ J. Y. ELEYAN	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	468429
G-40	GA-40-RMU-2024	Ghaith	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	586469
G-41	GA-41-RMU-2024	RAZAN A. F. ELULA	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	592167
G-42	GA-42-RMU-2024	Ahmed M. S. Abukhatro	male	4 <sup>th</sup>	607865
G-43	GA-43-RMU-2024	Alaa Omar AbedAlagalek ALajjouri	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	617313
G-44	GA-44-RMU-2024	ROBA A E SALEMDAWOD	female	4 <sup>th</sup>	594266

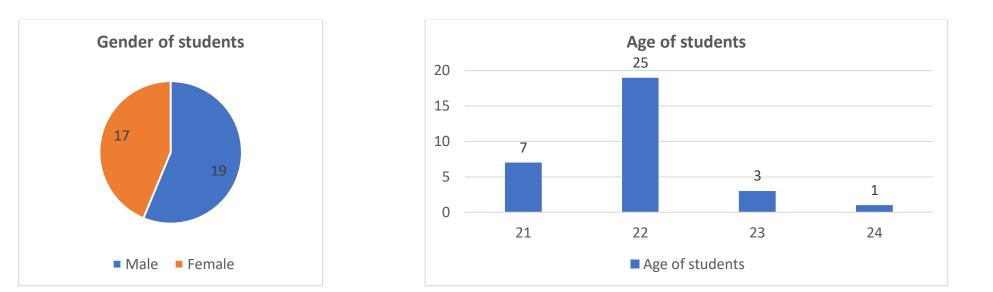
Rawalpindi Medical College Rawalpindi

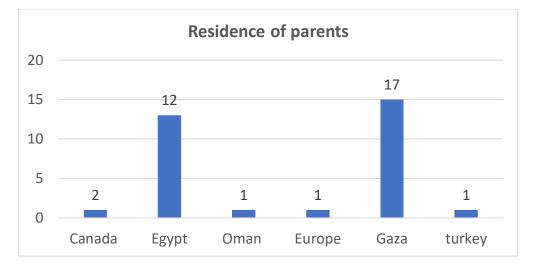
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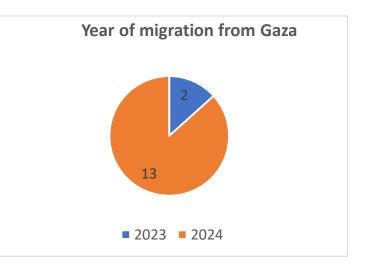
Vice Chancellor awalpind, Usedical University

# 1-Demographic profile of students (n=36)

The medical students from Al-Azhar University, who have sought to continue their education at Rawalpindi Medical University (RMU) due to the ongoing conflict in their home country, represent a unique and resilient group. Out of the 44 students initially displaced, 36 have successfully arrived at RMU to pursue their medical studies. This group reflects a diverse range of academic backgrounds, with students at various stages of their medical education. This section provides an overview of the demographics of the 36 students currently enrolled at RMU, including their age, year of study, academic performance prior to their displacement, and other relevant background information. Understanding these key aspects is essential for ensuring that RMU provides appropriate academic, social, and psychological support to facilitate their successful integration into the university environment and their continued academic progress.







# 2- <u>Physical and psychological assessment</u>

S. No	Name	Medical Assessment	Vitals	Vision	ENT	Ps	ychiatry
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 120/70			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 75/min	Color-38/38		Gender:	Male
1	MOHAMMED K S ZREID	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16/min		NAD		1
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psy	ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure A	SPO2: 96%	38/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 120/80			Age:	21
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 90/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
2	IBRAHIM F. A. MUHAISEN	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 18/min		NAD	Report of psy	vchiatric
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		evaluation at	
		in annexure	SPO2: 96%	30/38		Annexure B	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 120/80			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Asthmatic	Pulse:74/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
3	ABDALLAH W. A. MUHAISEN	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16/min		NAD		
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psy	ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure	SO2: 98%	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: PCOS, insulin					
		Resistance	B.P: 110/80			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Asthmatic					
4	HEBA M. M. MOURTAGA	(controlled)	Pulse: 92/min	Color-30/38	NAD	Gender:	Female
		Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16/min				
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-			ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure	SO2: 99%	30/38		attached as A	Annexure B
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 120/70			Age:	22
_		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 70/min	Color-30/38	NAD	Gender:	Female
5	ARWA R. M. BOLBOL	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16/min		NAD	Report of psychiatric evaluation attached as	
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached	502.000/	Vision-			
		in annexure	SO2: 99%	30/38		Annexure B	
		Concert it Nil	D.D. 440/20				
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 110/70			Age:	22
6	ABDULLA W A DAOUD	Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 63/min	Color-30/38	NAD	Gender:	Male
6	ADDULLA W A DAUUD	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 17/min	37:-:	INAD	Den ant f	unhintuis1 ('
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached in annexure	SPO2: 97%	Vision- 30/38		Report of psychiatric attached as Annexur	
			51 02. 77%	30/38		attached as P	
		Comorbid: Nil	D. D. 140/90			A ~~:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	B.P: 140/80	Color 20/20		Age:	22 Famala
7	HAYA M. A. ALFARRA		Pulse: 81/min	Color-30/38	NAD	Gender:	Female
/		Past Surg Hx: Nil Vaccination Hx: Record attached	RR: 17/min	Vicion		Doport of mar	vohiatria avaluation
		in annexure	SO2: 100%	Vision- 30/38		attached as A	ychiatric evaluation
			502.100%	50/56		attached as F	
		Comorbid: Dust allerer	D.D. 110/00			A ~~:	27
		Comorbid: Dust allergy	B.P: 110/80	_		Age:	27
		Past Med Hx: Asthmatic (controlled)	Pulse: 70/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
8	KARIM N. H. ALJURF			0101-30/38	NAD		Iviale
0		Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 17/min			Report of psychiatric evaluation attached as Annexure B	
0		Vaccination Uv. Decord attached		Vicion			
0		Vaccination Hx: Record attached in annexure	SPO2: 98%	Vision- 30/38			

		Comorbid: Nil	B.P:110/70	1		Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse:83/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
9	MARAH AKRAM HASSAN	Past Surg Hx: Lens Replacement	RR: 15/min		NAD		
	NIJIM	Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psychiatric evaluation attached as	
		in annexure	SPO2:100%	30/38		Annexure B	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P:80/50			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse 56/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
10	NASER R. N. ABUSHAMMALA	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16/min		NAD		
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psy	chiatric evaluation
		in annexure	SPO2: 98%	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P:130/90			Age:	27
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 81/ min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
11	BASEL H. M. ABUSAQER	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16/min		NAD	Report of psy	chiatric
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		evaluation att	ached as
		in annexure	SPO2 99%	30/38		Annexure B	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 120/80			Age:	23
10		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 66/min	Color-30/38	MAD	Gender:	Male
12	KARIM K. M. ALTAWASHI	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16/min		NAD	Report of psychiatric	
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached	GD00 070/	Vision-	evaluation attached as		ached as
		in annexure	SPO2: 97%	30/38		Annexure B	
		Comorbid: Nil	D.D. 100/70			•	- 21
			B.P: 100/70			Age:	21
13	TAGREED M.M. MASOUUD	Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse :84/ min	Color-30/38	NAD	Gender:	Female
15	TAOREED M.W. MASOCOD	Past Surg Hx: Nil Vaccination Hx: Record attached	RR: 16/min	Vision	NAD	Dement of you	abiatuia arrabration
			SPO2: 99%	Vision- 30/38		Report of psychiatric evaluation attached as Annexure B	
		in annexure	51 02. 9970	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 100/60			Age:	23
		Past Med Hx: IBS	Pulse: 91/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
14	HAYA M. S. ALKAHLOUT	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 14/min		NAD		1 emaie
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psychiatric evaluati attached as Annexure B	
		in annexure	SPO2: 98%	30/38			
		Comorbid: Mosquito Allergy	B.P: 110/80			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 75/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
15	YARA A. H. LSAYEDSALIM	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 14/min		NAD		•
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psychiatric evaluation	
		in annexure	SO2:99%	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P:110/60			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 73/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
16	ALAA A. M. SOBOH	Past Surg Hx: Nil	SPO2: 100%		NAD	Report of psy	chiatric
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		evaluation att	
		in annexure	RR:14/min	30/38		Annexure B	
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 100/70			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 90/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
17	EMAN H. H. KUHEIL	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 14/min		NAD	Report of psy	
			1	x 7· ·		evaluation att	
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-			ached as
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached in annexure	SPO2: 98%	V1\$10n- 30/38		Annexure B	ached as

		Comorbid: Nil	BP: 110/60			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 73 min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
18	GHAITH	Past Surg Hx: Nil	SPO2: 100%	0101-30/30	NAD	Gender.	wide
10	0	Vaccination Hx: Record attached	51 02. 10070	Vision-		Report of psychiatric evaluatio	
		in annexure	RR: 14 min	30/38		attached as A	
				50/50			
		Comorbid: Nil	B.P: 100/70			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 90/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
19	MONTHER KARAJA	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 14/min		NAD	Gender.	White
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psy	ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure	SPO2: 98%	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	BP: 110/60			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 73 min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
20	MOHAMMED A. J. JAMAD	Past Surg Hx: Nil	SPO2: 100%		NAD	Gender.	White
20		Vaccination Hx: Record attached	51 02. 10070	Vision-		Report of psy	ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure	RR: 14 min	30/38		attached as A	
				50/50			
		Comorbid: Nil	BP:100/80			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse:67/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
21	HAMMAM	Past Surg Hx: Nil	SPO:96%	20101 30/30	NAD	Report of psy	
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached	51 0.9070	Vision-		evaluation at	tached as
		in annexure	RR: 16/min	30/38			Annexure B
		Comorbid: Nil	BP: 100/60			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	SPO: 99%	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
22	BISAN MAHER SAED	Past Surg Hx: Nil	Pulse: 80/min		NAD		Telliale
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psy	ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure	RR: 14 min	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	BP: 100/60			Age:	21
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 84/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
23	ALAA O.A. ALAJJURI	Past Surg Hx: Nil	RR: 16 min		NAD	Report of psychiatric evaluation attached as Annexure B	
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-			
		in annexure	SPO: 96%	30/38			
		Comorbid: Nil	BP:120/70			Age:	21
		Past Med Hx: Nil	SPO: 99%	Color-30/38		Gender:	Female
24	ASMAA Z. A. ALNAJJAR	Past Surg Hx: Nil	Pulse: 84/min		NAD		
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psy	ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure	RR: 16 min	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	BP: 100/70			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	SPO: 99%	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
25	MOMIN	Past Surg Hx: Lens Replacement	Pulse:75/min		NAD		
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		Report of psy	ychiatric evaluation
		in annexure	RR: 16 min	30/38		attached as A	
		Comorbid: Nil	BP:120/70			Age:	23
		Past Med Hx: Nil	SPO: 99%	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
26	TAREQ ELEYAN	Past Surg Hx: Nil	Pulse: 81/min		NAD	Report of psy	ychiatric
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		evaluation at	
		in annexure		30/38		Annexure B	
27	EMAN KAHEEL	Comorbid: Nil	BP: 100/70	Color-30/38	NAD	Age:	21

		Past Med Hx: Nil	SPO: 98		]	Gender:	Female
		Past Surg Hx: Nil	HR: 90				
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached in annexure	RR: 15 min	Vision- 30/38		Report of psychiatric evaluation attached as Annexure B	
		Comorbid: Nil	BP: 120/90			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 80 min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
28	OMER	Past Surg Hx: Nil	SPO: 99%		NAD		
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-			chiatric evaluation
		in annexure	RR: 15 min	30/38		attached as A	nnexure B
		Comorbid: Nil	BP:110/70			Age:	22
		Past Med Hx: Nil	Pulse: 76/min	Color-30/38		Gender:	Male
29	MAHMOUD M.M. SHAIMA	Past Surg Hx: Nil	SPO: 99%		NAD	Report of psy	chiatric
		Vaccination Hx: Record attached		Vision-		evaluation at	tached as
		in annexure	RR: 15 min	30/38		Annexure B	

# **3. Orientation Day**

The Orientation Day for Gaza students was successfully conducted on 2nd November 2024 at the New Teaching Block of Rawalpindi Medical University. The event aimed to welcome the students, provide them with essential academic information and familiarize them with RMU's facilities, resources, and administrative procedures. Chairpersons of Medicine, Community Medicine, Surgery, ENT and Family Medicine facilitated the session. The key objectives of the orientation were:

- To welcome the Gaza students to RMU and foster a sense of belonging.
- To introduce them to the academic environment and key faculty members.
- To outline the academic calendar, assessment policies, and clinical training requirements.
- To provide guidance on available student support services, including mentorship programs, extracurricular activities, and health services

Each chairperson introduced their respective department and provided an overview of their academic and clinical training programs:

- **Department of Medicine:** Overview of Internal medicine curriculum and clinical rotations.
- **Department of Surgery:** Introduction to surgical training, skills development, and clinical exposure.
- **Department of Community Medicine:** Overview of public health and community-based projects.
- Department of Family Medicine: Focus on primary care and patient-centered learning.
- **Department of ENT:** Introduction to otorhinolaryngology training and clinical practice.
- **Department of Radiology:**Overview of diagnostic imaging, including the role of radiology in patient care, and hands-on training with modern imaging technologies

Students were given a guided tour of the New and Old Teaching Block and Holy Family Hospital, showcasing lecture halls, laboratories, wards, different departments and other facilities





# 4. Academic assessment

An academic assessment was conducted for the students from Al-Azhar University who have recently transferred to RMU to continue their studies. The assessment focused on evaluating their prior knowledge of basic sciences, which they had already studied during the first three years of their MBBS program at Al-Azhar University in Palestine.

Table of Specification for the assessment is:

Subjects	Tool for assessment	No of MCQs	Cognition level
Anatomy	MCQs	10	C2 & C3
Physiology	MCQs	10	C2 & C3
Biochemistry	MCQs	10	C2 & C3
Pharmacology	MCQs	10	C2 & C3
Pathology	MCQs	10	C2 & C3

Sample question paper attached as Annexure C. Following are the results of students:

Basic Sciences Evaluation of Al Azhar University Students Ghaza						1	
S.No	Nomo	A notomy(10)	Biachomistry (10)	Dharmanalagy (10)	Dathalam (10)	Dhysiology (10)	Grand
5.110	Name Abdallah W. A.	Anatomy(10)	Biochemistry (10)	Pharmacology (10)	Pathology (10)	Physiology (10)	total(50)
1	Muhaisen	Δ	Λ	5	3	5	21
2	ABDULLA W A DAOUD	4 3	4 6	3	4	2	18
		6	9		6	2	27
3	ALAA A. M. SOBOH Alaa Omar	0	9	4	0	Ζ	27
4	AbedAlaqalek ALajjouri	3	2	1	3	4	13
5	Arwa R. M. Bolbol	7	6	3	5	2	23
5	Asmaa Zakria Ahmad	/	0	5	5	۷	23
6	Alnajjar	5	4	2	4	4	19
7	BASEL H.M. ABUSAQER	8	7	9	10	4	38
8	BISAN M.S.SAED	3	5	4	6	2	20
9	DIMA N. A. ALDALSA	4	3	4	2	2	15
10	EMAN H. H. KUHEIL	7	8	4	6	3	28
10	Ghaith	2	4	3	5	3	17
12	Hammam M S Helassa	3	5	2	2	1	17
12	HAYA M. A. ALFARRA	1	5	7	7	5	25
					3	2	
14	Haya M.S.Alkahlout	4	5	5			19
15	Heba M M Mourtaga	6	5	2	7	3	23
16	IBRAHIM F. A. MUHAISEN	Δ	2	5	3	2	16
17	Karim K. M. Altawashi	4 3	7	5	8	2	25
17	KARIM N. H. ALJURF	6		2	8	3	23
18	MAHMOUD M. M.	0	3	2	8	3	22
19	SHAMIA	6	5	8	8	6	33
19	Marah Akram Hassan	0	5	0	0	0	55
20	Nijim	6	2	6	6	3	23
20	Mohammed A. J. lamad	5	4	3	6	1	19
22	MOHAMMED K S ZREID	3	2	0	6	0	11
23	MOMIN A. F. RADWAN	6	7	5	7	4	29
24	MONTHER B. A. KARAJA	4	5	3	6	4	22
24	NASER R. N.	4	5	5	0	4	22
25	ABUSHAMMALA	5	5	5	8	5	28
26	OMAR J. S. ALDADAH	7	5	6	5	4	20
27	Tagreed M.M.Masoud	5	4	4	7	4	24
28	TAREQ J. Y. ELEYAN	5	4	5	3	2	19
20	YARA A. H.	5	+	رر	J	۷	19
29	ALSAYEDSALIM	2	4	4	6	2	18
	Total students appeared: 29	≥ 50% in Anatomy:15(51.7%)	≥ 50% in Biochemistry:16(55.7%)	≥ 50% in Pharmacology:12 (41.3%)	≥ 50% in Pathology:20(68.9%)	≥ 50% in Physiology:	4(13.7%)
		≥ 70% in Anatomy:4(13.7%)	≥ 70% in Biochemistry:5(17.3%)	≥ 70% in Pharmacology:3(10.3%)	≥ 70% in Pathology :9(31.03%)	≥ 70% in Physiology:	D



# Peer Lift: Mentorship & Friendship Program

# Faculty in charge

Prof. Dr. Muhammad Umar (S.I, H.I) (Vice Chancellor RMU)
Prof. Dr. Jahangir Sarwar Khan (Principal RMC)
Prof Nasir Khan (Professor in charge of Gaza program)
Dr Mehwish Riaz (Coordinator Gaza program)
Dr Omaima Asif (Coordinator DME)
Dr Khola Noreen (Basic Sciences Faculty)
Prof Ahmed Hassan (Clinical faculty)
Dr Hina Sattar (Clinical faculty)
Dr Farhan (Old campus coordinator)

# Student body

Syed Tabeer Hussain (Students Council President)

Saba Sajid (Students Council President)

Uswa Iftikhar (Program facilitator)

## **Program Objectives:**

- Facilitate a smooth transition for Al Azhar University students into RMU's academic and clinical systems.
- Develop clinical, academic, and professional skills tailored to evidence-based learning. Foster a support system that includes
- faculty mentorship and peer mentoring.
- Enhance personal and professional growth through structured guidance, feedback, and development activities.
- To ensure academic vigilance by familiarizing the newly admitted students with Prof. Umar's Model of Integrated Lecture

## Mentorship Team Set-up:

Basic Sciences Mentor: Oversees academic guidance and career advice, holds regular check-ins,

- and provides feedback on students' progress.
- **Clinical Sciences Mentor**: Assists with clinical skill development and offers one-on-one guidance for problem-solving in clinical rotations.
- **Peers (Friends):** Final-year and 4th-year RMU students provide day-to-day support, share academicstrategies, and offer social support for smooth integration.

# **Program Components :**

## • Orientation and Introduction:

Introduction to RMU's academic structure, grading system, and campus resources. Overview of the mentorship program, its objectives, and mentor-mentee expectations.

## • Clinical Skills Development:

Communication and Bedside Manner Training: Focus on effective communication skills, history-taking, and patient interaction.

*Cultural Sensitivity in Clinical Practice*: Understanding patient backgrounds and culturaldynamics in Pakistan's healthcare system.

## • Peer-Led Academic Support:

Led by final-year students, this program shall facilitate study strategy sessions introducing effective study techniques, exam preparation strategies, and resources.

• *Exam Review and Practice Sessions*: Peer mentors organize mock exams and provideguidance on RMU's examination style and expectations.

Regular review of core concepts and challenging topics with practical tips for scoring wellon assessments.

## • Professional Development and Career Guidance:

*Career Planning Workshops:* Mentors discuss career pathways in medicine, options forfurther specialization, and postgraduate opportunities. Guidance on developing a CV, personal statement, and interview preparation skills.

• Bioethics and Professionalism Workshops:

Discussions on medical ethics, responsibilities of healthcare professionals, and maintainingprofessionalism in clinical settings.

## • Social and Cultural Integration Activities:

*Monthly Social Gatherings and Networking Events*: Group dinners, social events, and cultural outings to help students bond with their peers and mentors.

• *Cultural Awareness Seminars*: Sessions on local culture, customs, and expectations inpatient care to help students adapt to the cultural context of RMU's patient population.

## • Student-Led Societies and Extracurricular Activities:

Encouragement to join RMU's societies (e.g. sports, debating) for holistic integration and relationship building.

## TEAM 1

# Basic Sciences Mentor: Dr. Mehwish Riaz

(AP Community Medicine)

Clinical Sciences Mentor: Dr. Ahmed Hassan (Professor ENT)

#### **GROUP 1**

Final Year Peer: Taha Iftikhar Abdul Rehman Fourth Year Peer: Zain Tariq

## **GROUP 2**

Final Year Peer: Hamna Ali Abdul Rehman Fourth Year Peer: Amna Ayub

### GROUP 3

Final Year Peer: Sara Rashid Abdul Rehman Fourth Year Peer: Usman Haider

## **GROUP 4**

Basic Sciences Mentor: Dr. Omaima Asif (DME)

Clinical Sciences Mentor: Dr. Hina Sattar (AP Paediatric Medicine) Final Year Peer: Uswa Iftikhar Noor Fourth Year Peer: Muhammad Saleh

### **GROUP 5**

Final Year Peer: Noor-e-Jannat Noor Fourth Year Peer: Zaynab Iftikhar

## Mentees:

Karim K M Altawashi Karim N H Aljurf MAHMOUD M. M. SHAMIA

## Mentees:

Alaa soboh Lamis alfarra Haya alkahlout

### Mentees:

Ghaith Alrayyes Hammam Helassa Mohammed zreid

### Mentees:

Ibrahim F. A. Muhaisen Mohammed A. M. Almeghari Mohammed Imad

## Mentees:

Deema Aldaalsa Yara saleem Eman kuheil

## TEAM2

### TEAM3

# Basic Sciences Mentor: Dr. Sana Bilal

(Assoc Prof Community Medicine)

Clinical Sciences Mentor: Dr. Saima Ambreen (AP Internal Medicine)

#### **GROUP 6**

Final Year Peer: Joshua Jamil Reem Fourth Year Peer: Umar Mansoor

#### **GROUP 7**

Final Year Peer: Bushra Ali Reem Fourth Year Peer: Sahaab Noor

### GROUP 8

Final Year Peer: Hareem Mehmood Reem Fourth Year Peer: Sheikh Muhammad Ahmed

# **Mentees:** Asmaa AlNajjar Bisan Saed Haya Alkahlot

Alaa AlAjjori

### TEAM 4

Basic Sciences Mentor: Dr. Khola (Assoc Proff Community Medicine)

Clinical Sciences Mentor: Dr. Saira Satti (SR Opthamology)

### GROUP9

Final Year Peer: Saleha Hussain Layla Fourth Year Peer: Sibgha Arshad

### GROUP 10

## Mentees:

Abdallah Muhaisen Mohammed Tahtawi Abdallah Daoud

# Mentees:

Basel H M Abusaqer Naser R N Abushammala Marah A H Nijim

## Mentees:

Arwa Bolbol Taghreed Masoud Heba mourtaga

Final Year Peer:	Mentees:
Sanabil Gul	Momin radwan
Layla	Omar
Fourth Year Peer:	aldahdah
Khalil Abbas Lashari	Tareq eleyan

# **6.** Extracurricular activities

The extracurricular activities are arranged for Al Azhar University students joining Rawalpindi Medical University (RMU) every Saturday to support their overall well-being, offering a break from their academic responsibilities while encouraging physical health and teamwork. Joint extracurricular activities are planned for students from Gaza who have joined PIMS, FUSH, and STMU. Objectives of these activities are

- **Physical Fitness:** Encourage students to engage in regular physical exercise.
- Team Building: Foster teamwork and collaboration through group sports.
- Stress Relief: Provide an opportunity for students to unwind and reduce academic stress.
- **Cultural Exchange:** Encourage interaction among students from different backgrounds, fostering a sense of community.





# Section B

# **Curriculum**

- Overview
- Al Azhar University Curriculum
- RMU & Al-Azhar University joint academic calendar & session

# **Overview** (1<sup>st</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> year MBBS) • First Aid **1st Year MBBS** • Completed at Al Azhar University ٠ • **2nd Year MBBS** • Completed at Al Azhar University **3rd Year MBBS** CVS Completed at Al Azhar University • 4th Year MBBS • 5 of 8 weeks of a course completed at Al Azhar University

#### Year I

- Arabic Language
- Palestine: Nature & Environment
- Hebrew Language I
- World Civilization
- General Physiology
- General Histology
- English Language I
- General Anatomy & Embryology
- **Behavior Sciences**
- Organic Chemistry
- Research Methodology & Bio stats
- General Biology
- **Communication Skills**
- Medical Physics
- General Chemistry for Health
- Palestine Land & Environment

## Year II

- General Biochemistry
- General Pharmacology
- General Microbiology
- Immunology
- General Pathology
- Molecular Biology & Genetics
- Metabolic Biochemistry
- Public Health
- **Respiratory System**
- Islamic Culture
- Hebrew Language II
- Logical Thinking

## Year III

- Renal System
- Reproductive system
- Digestive system
- Neuroscience I
- Blood & Lymphatic
- Neuroscience II
- Skin & Locomotor System

### Year IV

Introduction to Clinical Medicine ٠

# **Curriculum of Al-Azhar University (4th to 6th Year)**

The medical curriculum at Al-Azhar University is designed to provide students with a comprehensive, rigorous, and patient-centered education. The program spans a number of years, progressing from foundational biomedical sciences to advanced clinical training, with a strong emphasis on developing the knowledge, skills, and ethical values necessary for a successful medical career.

For students in the 4th, 5th, and 6th years of the MBBS program, the curriculum focuses primarily on clinical education and practical training, preparing students to take on the responsibilities of practicing medicine. These years are crucial as students transition from theoretical learning to real-world application in hospitals, clinics, and other healthcare settings.

**Division of subjects & Credit Hours:** 

Ref: Date: 03/11/2024 Palestine Faculty of M	ledicine 4th year I	Plan
Rotation	Credit Hours	ty
Introduction to Clinical Medicine	8 hours	Ma
Internal Medicine	10 hours	Ma
General Surgery	10 hours	Ma

Cardiology

Urology

Orthopedics

Ear, Nose & Throat

Medical Imaging

Dermatology

Community and Family Medicine

Health Economics



الرقم: التاريخ:

type Major Major Major

Minor

Minor

Minor

Minor

Minor

Minor

Minor

Minor

کلیے ہ الط ب Faculty of Medicine

### Palestine Faculty of Medicine 5th year Plan

2 hours

2 hours

4 hours

2 hours

2 hours

2 hours

6 hours

2 hours

Rotation	Duration	type
Obstetric & Genecology	8 hours	Major
Pediatrics	8 hours	Major
Psychiatry & Behavioral disorders	6 hours	Minor
Neurology	4 hours	Major
Neurosurgery	2 hours	Minor
Forensic Medicine	2 hours	Minor
Pediatric Surgery	2 hours	Minor
Vascular and Cardiothoracic Surgery	2 hours	Minor
Hematology and Oncology	2 hours	Minor
Endocrinology and Metabolic Disorders	2 hours	Minor
Ophthalmology	2 hours	Minor

#### Gaza - Palestine

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www.alazhar.edu.ps

الرقم: التاريخ:

Date: 03/11/2024

Ref:

#### Palestine Faculty of Medicine 6th year Plan

Rotation	Duration	type
Obstetric & Genecology	6 hours	Major
Pediatrics	6 hours	Major
Surgery	6 hours	Major
Internal Medicine	6 hours	Major
Anesthesia	2 hours	Minor
Emergency	2 hours	Minor

Once again, please accept our deepest appreciation for your continued support. During this period of studies and collaboration, I, as Dean of Medicine at Al-Azhar University, will serve as the primary point of connection for all matters related to our students. I am committed to ensuring that they remain fully supported throughout their academic journey, and I look forward to working closely with you and your esteemed institution.

Mohamed Zughbur, MD, PhD **Consultant Endocrinologist** Dean, Faculty of Medicine Al-Azhar University -Gaza Email: mohamed.zughbur@alazhar.edu.ps Mobile: 00972599361047



كلية الطب **Faculty of Medicine** 

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MDCN4813	Introduction to Clinical Medicine		
Course type	Major Needs	Hours	8

#### **Course Objectives**

Introduce students to the clinical environment: Familiarize students with the clinical setting, including hospitals, clinics, and other healthcare facilities, to provide an understanding of the structure, organization, and functioning of healthcare systems.

- 1. Introduce medical history-taking and physical examination
- 2. Introduction to medical terminology and documentation Students should learn to accurately and efficiently
- 3. Document patient encounters, including medical histories, physical examination findings, and treatment plan:
- 4. Introduce common medical conditions and diseases
- 5. Development of synaptic thinking and interpretation of clinical data
- 6. Development of communication skills with teaching staff, peers, seniors, hospital staff...etc

### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

#### Knowledge and Understanding

- Communicate effectively and empathetically with patients, families, and healthcare team members.
- Medical History-Taking and Documentation
- Conduct a focused and systematic physical examination.
- Perform accurate and reliable vital sign measurements
- Demonstrate knowledge of common medical conditions, including their pathophysiology, clinical presentation, and basic management approaches.
- Constructing provisional diagnosis and differential diagnosis by integration of clinical data

#### **Course Contents**

- 1. Medical History-Taking
- 2. Physical Examination Skills
- 3. Approaches to formulating differential diagnoses and developing a problem list.
- 4. Common Medical Conditions
- 5. Clinical Rotations

#### **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures: Traditional lectures are often used to present foundational knowledge and concepts related to clinical medicine.
- 2. Case-based Learning: Case-based learning involves presenting clinical cases or scenarios for students to analyze and discuss.
- 3. Small Group Discussions
- 4. Clinical Skills Workshops: Clinical skills workshops allow students to practice and refine their clinical skills, such as history-taking, physical examination techniques, and basic medical procedures.
- 5. Clinical Rotations and Preceptorships

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Me	ethod	Time	Marks
Theoretical MC	CQ exam	2hr	100

#### **Books and References**

Course notes MacLeod's Clinical Examination

MDCN4101	Internal Medicine I (Junio	r)		
Course type	Major Needs	Hours	8	
Course Obiostines				

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Obtain a complete and/or focused medical history from patients
- 2. Perform physical examinations on patients
- 3. Documentation of patient health information in a concise, complete way
- 4. Order appropriate investigations and interpret its results for the common or important diseases
- 5. Develop a problem list and differential diagnosis based on the history, physical findings and initial investigations.
- 6. Recognize life threatening emergencies and initiate appropriate primary intervention

#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and Understanding	<ul> <li>Understand how to recognize sick medical patient and how to diagnose and treat common emergency and nonemergency presentations.</li> </ul>	
Intellectual Skills	• Understand the role of decision making in the clinical environment and the main theoretical models of decision making	
Professional skills	• Reflect how patient safety may be compromised by poor decision making and ineffective healthcare environments and create strategies to overcome these	
General skills	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas and arguments effectively</li> <li>Respect superiors, colleagues and any other members of the health profession.</li> </ul>	

#### **Course Contents**

- 1. General Approach to the Medical Patient
- 2. Communication with Patients
- 3. Medical Respiratory Diseases
- 4. Medical Cardiac Diseases
- 5. Medical Gastrointestinal and Liver Diseases
- 6. Medical Infectious Diseases
- 7. Medical Nephrology and urological Diseases

- 8. Medical Fluid, electrolytes, blood gas Diseases
- 9. Medical Gastrointestinal Diseases
- 10. Medical Neurological Diseases
- 11. Medical Endocrine Diseases
- 12. Medical Rheumatology Diseases
- 13. Medical Hematology and Oncology Diseases

#### **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Theoretical interactive lectures
- 3. Case scenario simulation of common clinical cases
- 4. Bed-side teaching
- 5. Videos and simulation labs

#### **Teaching and Learning Methods for the Disabled Students**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Help each student according to his needs and his condition

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Multiple choice exam	120	50
Practical OSCE exam	60	20
Static OSCE exam	60	20
Case history and long case	50	10

#### **Books and References**

**Essential books** 

- CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment in Internal Medicine ٠
- Kumar and Clark in internal medicine .

**Recommended books** 

Macleod for clinical examination •

MDCN4212	Cardiology			
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	2	
Course Objectives				

#### Course Objectives

- 1. Communicate with patients and their families effectively
- 2. Obtain a complete and/or focused cardiovascular history from patients.
- 3. Perform cardiovascular physical examination on patients.
- 4. Order appropriate investigations and interpret its results for the common or important diseases
- 5. Recognize common and important abnormal clinical finding

- 6. Develop a problem list and differential diagnosis based on the history, physical findings and initial investigation
- 7. Provide patient education for their health problems
- 8. Recognize life-threatening cardiovascular emergencies and initiate appropriate primary intervention

### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and understanding	• Understand how to recognize the sick cardiovascular patient and how to diagnose and treat common cardiovascular emergency and nonemergency presentations.	
Intellectual Skills	• Understand the role of decision making in the clinical environment and the main theoretical models of decision making	
Professional skills	Reflect how patient safety may be compromised by poor decision making and ineffective healthcare environments and create strategies to overcome these	
General skills	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas and arguments effectively</li> <li>Respect superiors, colleagues and any other members of the health profession.</li> </ul>	

#### **Course Contents**

- 1. General Approach to the Cardiovascular Patient
- 2. Communication with cardiovascular Patients
- 3. Acute Coronary Syndrome
- 4. Hypertension
- 5. Valvular Heart Diseases
- 6. Cardiomyopathies
- 7. ECG reading
- 8. Cardiovascular Emergencies
- 9. Pericardial Diseases
- 10. Infective Endocarditis
- 11. Myocarditis

### **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Seminars.
- 2. Bed-side teaching
- 3. Outpatient clinics
- 4. lectures

### Teaching and Learning Methods for the Disabled Students

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Help each student according to his needs and his condition

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Multiple choice exam	60	60
Practical OSCE exam	60	20
Attendance	0	10

Case history 10 10	
--------------------	--

#### **Books and References**

- **Course notes**
- Essential books
- **Recommended books**

- Lectures
- CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment in Cardiology
- 500 ECG

#### Knowledge and skill matrix

Main course content	Study week	Knowledge and understanding	Intellectual skills	Professional skills	General skills
Communication with Cardiovascular Patients	1	Knowledge about main cardiac Symptoms	Able to analyze Patient complains		
Acute coronary syndrome	1	Able to differentiate between types of ACS	Diagnose a Case with IHD		
Hypertension	1	Understand the Definitions of Hypertensive Patient and how to diagnose it	Able to diagnose patients came with dangerous features of HTN	Able to prescribe Appropriate Medications	
Valvular heart diseases	1	Knowledge of different valvular lesions and their Complications	Understand Consequences of Valvular diseases		
Cardiomyopathies	2	Knowledge of Common Disorders affect Cardiac muscles	Able to suspect these diseases before their progression		
ECG reading	2	Understand the Basics of Electrical Pathophysiology Of the heart	Able to interpret an ECG		Use ECG in diagnosing ACS
Cardiovascular Emergencies	2	Knowledge of Common Emergent Cardiac Conditions	Able to approach to these cases efficiently		Rapid Recognition Of these Cases Improve Patient Mortality And Morbidity Outcomes

MDCN4423	Orthopedics		
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	2

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Obtain a complete and/or focused Orthopedic history from patients.
- 2. Perform Orthopedic physical examination on patients
- 3. Order appropriate investigations and interpret its results for the common or important disease

4. Develop a problem list and differential diagnosis based on the history, physical findings, and initial Investigations **Intended Learning Outcomes** 

Knowledge and understanding	• Understand how to recognize the patient and how to diagnose and treat common Orthopedic emergency and nonemergency presentations.	
Intellectual Skills	• Understand the role of decision-making in the clinical environment and the main theoretical models of decision making	
Professional skills	• Reflect on how patient safety may be compromised by poor decision making and ineffective healthcare environments and create strategies to overcome these	
General skills	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas and arguments effectively</li> <li>Respect superiors, colleagues and any other members of the health profession.</li> </ul>	

#### **Course Contents**

- 1. General Approach to the Orthopedic Patient
- 2. Communication with Orthopedic Patients
- 3. Orthopedic Emergencies
- 4. Anatomy of Musculoskeletal system
- 5. Fractures and dislocations
- 6. Knee Joint Diseases
- 7. Ankle Joint Diseases
- 8. Shoulder Joint Diseases
- 9. Hip Joint Diseases
- 10. Common pediatric orthopedic problems

### **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Morning report
- 2. Seminars
- 3. Bed-side teaching
- 4. Outpatient clinics

#### Teaching and Learning Methods for the Disabled Students

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Help each student according to his needs and his condition

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Multiple choice exam	120	60
Static OSCE exam	60	20
Attendance	0	10
Case history	10	5
Logbook	0	5

Books and References	
Course notes	Lectures/Tutorials
Essential books	CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment in Orthopedics
Recommended books	• Apleys Concise System of Orthopedics and Fractures

# Knowledge and skill matrix

Main course content	Study	Knowledge and understanding	Intellectual skills	Professional skills	General skills
	week				
Introduction to orthopedics and principles of fractures	1	How to take a proper history and to do Physical examination	To know the principles of orthopedic X-Ray		To identify the general investigations of orthopedics
Bone and Joint Infections	1	Diagnose different types of fractures. Classify fractures Identify the signs and symptoms of bone and joint infections	To identify the mechanism of fractures		Outline the treatment ways
Hip disorders and Developmental Dysplasia of the Hip (DDH).	1	Outline the etiological theories		Demonstrate the clinical skills necessary for clinical diagnosis	Outline treatment measures
Knee Problems	1	Classify Knee Disorders Investigations of knee disorders			How to examine the Knee
Hand	1	Understand important anatomical aspects Identify hand infections			Outline the treatment principles for hand problems
Spine	2	Classify spinal disorders Highlight the importance of neurological findings		Examine the spine	Treatment plan for different spinal disorders
Shoulder and elbow joints	2	Classify shoulder and elbow disorders		Demonstrate clinical skills in finding abnormal signs	Plan treatment protocols For disorders affecting these joints
Ankle and foot	2	To know the normal gait and stand Investigate disorders of the ankle and foot		Demonstrate clinical skills in finding abnormal signs	To treat the most common disorders of the area
Complications of fractures	2	To know the early general and local complications To know the late complications			How to treat The complications

MD	CN4221	Urology			
Cou	rse type	Minor Needs	Hours	2	
Cours	e Objectives				
1.	Knowledge Acquisition: The course at	ims to provide students with a co	omprehensive understanding of the u	urology-related structures' ar	natomy,
	physiology, and pathophysiology.				
2.	Surgical Skills Development: Students	s should acquire the necessary su	rgical skills and techniques required	d for performing various pro-	cedures withir
	the specialty.				
2	Detiant Evoluction and Diagnosis, The	a annua a inna ta tao ala atradanta la	and to another and discourses notions.	a muaaantina mitha a mida nam	an of unal a sin

3. Patient Evaluation and Diagnosis: The course aims to teach students how to evaluate and diagnose patients presenting with a wide range of urological conditions.

4. Collaboration and Multidisciplinary Care: Urology surgeons often work as part of a multidisciplinary team, especially in cases involving complex conditions or comorbidities

**Intended Learning Outcomes** 

Knowledge and Understanding	<ul> <li>Knowledge Acquisition: Acquire a comprehensive understanding of the anatomy, physiology, and pathology of the urinary system, as well as the principles and practices of urological care.</li> </ul>	
Intellectual Skills	• Diagnostic skills: Develop the ability to obtain a thorough urological history from patients, perform appropriate physical examinations, and interpret relevant diagnostic tests and imaging studies	
Professional skills	• Patient Care: Develop the ability to provide comprehensive, compassionate, and patient-centered urological care, considering the physical, emotional, and psychosocial aspects of patients and their families	
General skills	• Diagnostic Skills: Develop the ability to obtain a thorough urological history from patients, perform appropriate physical examinations, and interpret relevant diagnostic tests and imaging studies.	

# **Course Contents**

- 1. Basic Anatomy and Physiology of the Urinary System
- 2. Urological Investigations and Diagnostic Techniques
- 3. Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) and Lower Urinary Tract Symptoms (LUTS)
- 4. Urinary Tract Infections and Inflammatory Conditions
- 5. Urologic Oncology: Prostate, Bladder, Kidney, and Testicular Cancers
- 6. Urinary Stone Disease: Diagnosis, Management, and Surgical Approaches
- 7. Urologic Trauma: Evaluation and Surgical Interventions
- 8. Male Sexual Health and Erectile Dysfunction

- 9. Male Infertility and Assisted Reproductive Techniques
- 10. Female Urology: Incontinence, Prolapse, and Urinary Tract Fistulas
- 11. Urologic Emergencies: Acute Scrotum, Priapism, and Urosepsis
- 12. Urologic Complications and Management Strategies

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Clinical Rotations: students work in Urology surgery departments under the guidance and supervision of experienced surgeon
- 2. Moring Rounds: participation in surgical grand rounds, where interesting or challenging surgical cases are presented and discussed by faculty and students
- 3. Lectures: Traditional lectures are commonly used to present fundamental concepts, principles, an theoretical knowledge related to ENT surgery
- Case-based Learning: This approach involves presenting students with clinical cases that require surgical interpretation and analysis

# Teaching and Learning Methods for the Disabled Students

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Help each student according to his needs and his condition

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Multiple choice exam	60	100

#### **Books and References**

Doons and References	
Course notes	Lectures/Tutorials
Essential books	Campbell-Walsh Urology
	Smith and Tanaghos General Urology
Recommended books	Clinical Manual of Urology

MDCN4102	General Surgery 1(Junior)		
Course type	Major Needs	Hours	8

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Knowledge acquisition: The course aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the principles, theories, and concepts related to General Surgery.
- 2. Diagnostic skills: Students are taught how to evaluate patients with surgical conditions, interpret diagnostic tests and imaging studies, and arrive at a proper diagnosis. They learn to identify surgical emergencies and develop the ability to prioritize and manage patients accordingly.
- 3. Surgical skills development: Students acquire hands-on experience and technical skills necessary for performing common surgical procedures. This includes learning aseptic techniques, suturing, knot tying, and using surgical instruments. They may also have opportunities to observe or assist in surgeries performed by experienced surgeons.
- 4. Patient management: The course aims to train students in managing pre-operative, intra-operative, and post-operative care of surgical patients.

# **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and understanding	• Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the anatomical structures, physiological functions, and pathophysiological processes relevant to General Surgery.
Intellectual Skills	• Apply principles of evidence-based medicine to evaluate and diagnose surgical conditions, and formulate appropriate management plans
Professional skills	• Develop proficiency in performing basic surgical procedures, including wound closure, suturing techniques, and minor surgical interventions
General skills	• Acquire skills in pre-operative assessment, including patient history-taking, physical examination, and ordering and interpreting relevant investigations.

#### **Course Contents**

- 1. Introduction to General Surgery: includes overview of the field of General Surgery, history-taking, physical examination, and ordering and interpreting relevant investigations
- 2. Surgical Lectures: Didactic lectures covering essential topics in General Surgery, including specific surgical conditions, principles of surgical management, and surgical techniques
- 3. Surgical Skills Workshops: which includes hands-on training to develop and improve surgical skills, and simulation-based training using surgical models or virtual reality platforms to practice basic and advanced surgical procedures
- 4. Clinical rotations in surgical departments or surgical specialty services, providing opportunities for direct patient care, observation of surgeries, and participation in patient management.

#### **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures: Didactic lectures delivered by experienced surgeons or faculty members provide an overview of the theoretical concepts, principles, and surgical techniques relevant to General Surgery.
- 2. Clinical Rotations: Clinical rotations allow students to gain firsthand experience by observing surgeries, participating in patient care, and assisting in surgical procedures under supervision.
- 3. Simulation-based Learning: Simulation-based learning uses realistic virtual or physical environments to replicate surgical scenarios
- 4. Case-based discussions to analyze and discuss surgical cases, including pre-operative evaluation, surgical decision-making, and post-operative management
- 5. Morning Rounds: participation in surgical grand rounds, where interesting or challenging surgical cases are presented and discussed by faculty and students

#### Teaching and Learning Methods for the Disabled Students

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Help each student according to his needs and his condition

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Multiple choice exam	120	50
Static OSCE exam	45	20
Dynamic OSCE exam	45	20
Attendance	0	10

**Books and References** 

Course notes

**Essential books** 

- Lectures/Tutorials
- Bailey & Loves Short Practice of Surgery, 27th Edition
- Browses Introduction to the Symptoms & Signs of Surgical Disease
- Schwartzs Principles of Surgery
- Surgical Recall

Knowiedge and skill matrix					
Main course content	Study	Knowledge and	Intellectual skills	Professional skills	General skills
	week	understanding			
Introduction to General	8	Demonstrate knowledge and	Apply principles of evidence-based	Develop proficiency in	Acquire skills in pre-
Surgery, Lectures,	weeks	understanding of the anatomical	medicine to evaluate and diagnose	performing basic	operative assessment,
Surgical		structures, physiological	surgical conditions, and formulate	surgical procedures,	including patient
Skills Workshops, and		functions, and	appropriate management plans	including wound closure,	history-taking, physical
Clinical rotations		pathophysiological processes		suturing techniques, and	examination and ordering
		relevant to General Surgery		minor surgical	and interpreting relevant
				interventions.	investigations

MDCN4225	Medical Imaging		
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	2

**Course Objectives** 

- 1. Knowledge acquisition: The course aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the principles, techniques, and applications of radiology
- 2. Skill development: Students are trained in the practical aspects of radiology, including positioning and handling of patients, operating radiographic equipment, and obtaining high-quality images. They also learn about image processing, manipulation, and enhancement techniques
- 3. Image interpretation: Students should be able to develop the ability to interpret radiographic images accurately.
- 4. Communication and teamwork: Radiologists often work as part of a multidisciplinary team, so the course emphasizes the development of effective communication skills. Students learn how to convey radiological findings clearly and concisely to other healthcare professionals, collaborate in patient care, and participate in multidisciplinary discussions.
- 5. Professionalism and ethics: Students are introduced to ethical considerations and professional responsibilities in radiology, including patient privacy, informed consent, and radiation safety **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and understanding	• Knowledge: Students should demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of radiographic imaging modalities, including their principles, advantages, limitations, and app
Intellectual Skills	<ul> <li>Diagnostic Skills: Develop the ability to use radiological imaging as a diagnostic tool effectively,</li> </ul>
	correlating imaging findings with clinical information to make accurate diagnoses and contribute
	to patient management plans

**Recommended books** 

#### Knowledge and skill matrix

Professional skills	• Technical Skills: Acquire proficiency in the practical aspects of radiology, including patient
	positioning and handling, operation of radiographic equipment, and obtaining high-quality images
General skills	• Image Interpretation: Apply knowledge and critical thinking skills to interpret radiographic
	images accurately, identify normal anatomical structures, recognize pathological conditions, and
	differentiate between various disease processes and injuries.

#### **Course Content**

- 1. Introduction to Diagnostic Radiology: History, Scope, and Importance
- 2. Radiographic Techniques: Principles and Equipment
- 3. X-ray Imaging: Interpretation and Common Findings
- 4. CT Imaging: Abdomen and Pelvis
- 5. CT Imaging: Chest and Cardiovascular System
- 6. MRI Imaging: Brain and Spinal Cord
- 7. MRI Imaging: Musculoskeletal System
- 8. Ultrasound Imaging: Abdominal and Pelvic Organs
- 9. Interventional Radiology: Principles and Techniques
- 10. Nuclear Medicine Imaging: Principles and Applications
- 11. Chest Radiology: Interpretation and Imaging of Pulmonary Diseases

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

1. Lectures: Traditional lectures are commonly used to present fundamental concepts, principles, and theoretical knowledge related to radiology. Clinical Rotations: students work in radiology departments under the guidance and supervision of experienced radiologists.

- 2. Case-based Learning: This approach involves presenting students with clinical cases that require radiological interpretation and analysis
- 3. Hands-on Training: Students often have opportunities to practice radiographic positioning and imaging techniques in a supervised setting

# Teaching and Learning Methods for the Disabled Students

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Help each student according to his needs and his condition

# **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Multiple choice exam	60	100

#### **Books and References**

**Course notes** 

Essential books

**Recommended books** 

- Lectures/Tutorials
- Grainger & Allisons Diagnostic Radiology: A Textbook of Medical Imaging
- Learning Radiology: Recognizing the Basics
- Fundamentals of Diagnostic Radiology

<b>MDCN422</b>	5
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<b>Course typ</b>	e Minor Needs	Hours	2
Course Obje	tives		
	nderstand the Anatomy and Physiology of the Skin: Students sho ology of the skin, including its layers, appendages, and immunol	<b>x x</b>	standing of the structure, function, and
in	lentify and Diagnose Dermatological Conditions: Students should fectious, inflammatory, neoplastic, and autoimmune skin disorde agnostic tools		
	nderstand Dermatopathology: Students should gain knowledge o atterns, and immunohistochemistry, to aid in the diagnosis and m	· •••	
to	earn Principles of Dermatological Therapy: Students should under pical treatments, systemic medications, phototherapy, laser thera potential adverse effects		<b>e</b> 11
cı	evelop Clinical Skills in Dermatology: Students should acquire s yotherapy, suturing, and wound management, as well as perform lergy testing		<b>A</b>
	nderstand Dermatological Emergencies: Students should be fami ixic epidermal necrolysis, severe drug reactions, and acute allergi	<b>e e</b>	
СС	evelop Patient Communication and Counseling Skills: Students sonvey diagnoses, treatment plans, and prognosis, and provide counditions	<b>A</b>	
	nderstand Dermatological Research and Evidence-Based Practice itically appraise scientific literature, and understand the importar		e
9. P	romote Ethical and Professional Conduct: Students should upholo	d ethical principles, respect patient a	utonomy, maintain confidentiality, and

demonstrate professionalism in their interactions with patients, colleagues, and the healthcare team Intended Learning Outcomes

• Students should learn and apply various diagnostic techniques used in dermatology, such as dermatoscopy, skin scraping, KOH examination, patch testing, and skin allergy testing. They should understand the indications, limitations, and interpretation of these diagnostic tools	Knowledge and understanding	dermatoscopy, skin scraping, KOH examination, patch testing, and skin allergy testing. They
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	<ul> <li>Students should acquire knowledge of the principles and modalities of dermatological therapy, including topical medications, systemic therapies, phototherapy, laser treatment, cryotherapy, and surgical interventions. They should understand the indications, contraindications, potential side effects, and monitoring requirements for these treatment modalities</li> </ul>
Intellectual Skills	• Students should develop the ability to critically analyze and evaluate clinical information, research findings, and diagnostic results to formulate accurate diagnoses, differential diagnoses, and treatment plans for dermatological conditions
	<ul> <li>Students should be able to synthesize and integrate patient history, physical examination findings, laboratory results, and diagnostic tests to develop logical and evidence-based management strategies for dermatological conditions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Students should develop skills in generating and narrowing down differential diagnoses based on clinical features, laboratory findings, and histopathological data, and employing a systematic approach to arrive at accurate diagnoses</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Students should be able to interpret and analyze diagnostic test results, including dermatopathology reports, laboratory findings, and imaging studies, to guide clinical decision- making and treatment planning</li> </ul>
	• Students should apply critical appraisal skills to evaluate and incorporate relevant scientific literature, guidelines, and clinical research into their practice, ensuring evidence-based dermatological care and treatment decisions
Professional skills	• Students should develop effective patient communication skills, including the ability to explain diagnoses, treatment options, and prevention strategies in clear and understandable language. They should provide appropriate counseling on sun protection, skincare, medication adherence, and self-care
	<ul> <li>Students should acquire skills in accurate and comprehensive clinical documentation, including medical history, physical examination findings, treatment plans, and progress notes, ensuring proper communication, continuity of care, and legal and ethical standards</li> </ul>
General skills	Students should develop critical thinking skills to analyze and evaluate complex dermatological cases, research literature, and emerging trends, allowing them to make informed clinical decisions and adapt to varying patient presentations
	• Students should acquire problem-solving skills in the context of dermatology, enabling them to identify and address clinical challenges, consider alternative approaches, and develop creative solutions for the management of dermatological conditions
	• Students should cultivate strong interpersonal skills, enabling them to interact with patients, colleagues, and other healthcare professionals with respect, empathy, cultural sensitivity, and professionalism
	• Students should acquire skills in efficiently managing and organizing dermatological information, including patient data, research literature, and clinical guidelines, to facilitate effective decision-making, continuity of care, and documentation

• Students should demonstrate proficiency in utilizing relevant technological tools and platforms used in dermatology practice, including electronic health records, imaging software, telemedicine platforms, and mobile applications for dermatological assessment and monitoring
• Students should develop skills in managing their time effectively, prioritizing tasks, and organizing resources to optimize productivity and maintain workflow efficiency in a dermatology setting.

#### **Course Content**

- 1. Introduction to Dermatology
- 2. Dermatological Anatomy and Physiology
- 3. Diagnostic Techniques in Dermatology
- 4. Dermatological Conditions
- 5. Dermatological Procedures and Therapies
- 6. Dermatological Emergencies and Urgent Conditions
- 7. Dermatological Disorders in Specific Populations
- 8. Dermatological Research and Innovations
- 9. Professional Skills and Practice Management

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Case-Based Learning
- 3. Small-Group Discussions
- 4. Dermatopathology Sessions
- 5. Clinical Rotations
- 6. Dermatology Ward Rounds
- 7. Dermatology Clinics
- 8. Dermatological Procedures Workshops
- 9. Virtual Dermatology Modules
- 10. Dermatology Conferences and Guest Lectures

#### Students Assessment

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
1 <sup>st</sup> exam	20	20
Attendance	0	10
Research		20
Final exam	60	50

**Books and References** 

**Course notes** 

Essential books

# **Recommended books**

- Lectures/Tutorials
- Clinical Dermatology by Thomas P. Habif

• Dermatology: An Illustrated Colour Text by David Gawkrodger and Michael R. Ardern-Jones

- American Academy of Dermatology (AAD) https://www.aad.org ٠
- Dermatology Online Journal (DOJ) https://escholarship.org/uc/derm

	<b>Community Medicine</b>			
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	2	
Course Objectives				

- 1. Arrive at community diagnosis of pattern of health and morbidity & utilization of available health care services.
- Document 10-15 case histories of community and clinical cases or problems of interest. 2.
- Implement health education plans based on community diagnosis to improve people's health. 3.
- Select relevant research methods in addressing a particular research aim or objective. 4.
- Analyse data using relevant statistical tests and computer software programs Like SPSS, Epiinfo, Minitab. 5.
- 6. Assess environmental hazards and problems in family settings.
- Prescribe an appropriate line of management in an antenatal health care setting. 7.

#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and Understanding	• Students should demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of community problems		
Intellectual Skills	• Assessing epidemiological data to identify health trends and risk factors.		
	• Formulating hypotheses for public health research.		
	• Designing intervention strategies for health promotion and disease prevention.		
	• Foster an understanding of how various factors interact within healthcare systems.		
Professional skills	• Train students to collect and analyze data for public health decision-making systematically		
General skills	Developing health education messages and programs		
	• Ensure students can communicate effectively with individuals, communities, and stakeholders.		
	• Prepare students to handle changing circumstances in dynamic public health environments.		

**Course Content** 

# 1. Community Diagnosis

- Collect, analyze and interpret demographic, socio-economic, and ecological basic data about the population
- Identify the health needs and priorities and the possible answers to health problems as perceived by people •
- Gauge the size of a particular health problem by a cross-sectional survey and other methods
- Assess the utilization of available healthcare services and the factors responsible for their underutilization
- Identify environmental health hazards

# 2. Epidemiology

- Identifying causes of disease ٠
- Investigating an outbreak
- Improving clinical diagnosis .

- Measuring disease occurrence
- Assessing efficacy of therapy
- natural history of disease-prognosis

# 3. Maternal and child health

- maternal health assessment
- infant & child health assessment
- 4. Patient care Evidence Based Medicine
  - consultation & counseling
  - prevention & screening
  - Evidence Based Practice

# 5. Environmental Health & Occupational Medicine

- relationship of environment and medicine
- Environmental health hazards
- Role of physician in environmental health
- Occupational medicine
- Investigating occupational asthma

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures presenting case studies on: epidemiology, research methods, health promotion, patient care, MCH care and environmental health.
- 2. Field Training
- 3. Carry out field investigation following sequential steps of a basic research design
- 4. Group presentation of field projects
- 5. Organization of health education Programs
- 6. Observation and participation in health center activities
- 7. Discussion with faculty, health center staff and community

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Multiple choice exam	60	60

# **Books and References**

Course notes Essential books

- **Recommended books**

- Lectures/Tutorials
- Epidemiology by Leon Gordis
- K Park's preventive medicine

MDCN5224	ENT		
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	2

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. The students are expected to know the main diseases related to ENT, their presentations, diagnostic methods, and management options.
- 2. Order appropriate investigations and interpret their results for the common or important diseases.
- 3. Recognize common and important abnormal clinical findings.
- 4. Develop a problem list and differential diagnosis based on the history, physical findings, and initial investigations.
- 5. Provide patient education for their health problems.
- 6. Recognize life-threatening emergencies and initiate appropriate primary intervention.
- 7. Continually reevaluate management plans based on the progress of the patient's condition

# **Intended Learning Outcomes**

On completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Communicate with patients and their families effectively.
- 2. Obtain a complete and/or focused medical history from patients.
- 3. Perform physical examinations on patients.
- 4. Order appropriate investigations and interpret its results for the common or important diseases.
- 5. Recognize common and important abnormal clinical findings.
- 6. Develop a problem list and differential diagnosis based on the history, physical findings, and initial investigations.

# **Course content**

- 1. Introduction anatomy.
- 2. History and examination.
- 3. External ear diseases.
- 4. Middle ear diseases.
- 5. Inner ear diseases.
- 6. Pharynx diseases.
- 7. Upper Respiratory airway diseases.
- 8. Neck masses.
- 9. Paranasal sinus diseases.

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Clinical Rotations
- 3. Case-based Learning
- 4. Hands-on Training:

# **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks

Static OSCE	60	20
Multiple choice exam	60	100

MDCN4232	Health Economics		
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	2

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the fundamental principles and concepts of health economics and their application to healthcare systems.
- 2. Develop skills in economic evaluation and analysis to inform healthcare decision-making, resource allocation, and policy development
- 3. Apply economic theories and frameworks to critically analyze healthcare financing, cost-effectiveness, and healthcare delivery models

#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and Understanding	<ul> <li>Comprehend the basic principles of health economics, including supply and demand, market dynamics, and efficiency in healthcare.</li> <li>Understand the concepts of healthcare financing, insurance, and risk pooling, and their implications for healthcare access and affordability.</li> <li>Gain knowledge of economic evaluation methods, such as cost-effectiveness analysis and cost-benefit analysis, and their role in informing healthcare decision-making</li> </ul>
Intellectual Skills	<ul> <li>Critically analyze economic factors influencing healthcare delivery, including reimbursement systems, payment models, and provider incentives</li> <li>Evaluate the economic impact of healthcare interventions, technologies, and policies on population health outcomes and healthcare costs.</li> <li>Apply economic theories and frameworks to assess healthcare systems efficiency, equity, and sustainability and propose strategies for improvement</li> </ul>
Professional skills	<ul> <li>Apply economic evaluation methods, such as cost-effectiveness analysis and cost-benefit analysis, to assess healthcare interventions and programs</li> <li>Analyze healthcare markets, insurance systems, and financing mechanisms to understand their impact on healthcare access, quality, and affordability.</li> <li>Collaborate effectively with healthcare stakeholders to address resource allocation challenges and optimize healthcare delivery</li> </ul>

# **Course content**

- 1. Introduction to Health Economics
- 2. Supply and Demand in Healthcare
- 3. Healthcare Financing and Insurance

- 4. Economic Evaluation in Healthcare
- 5. Healthcare Delivery and Efficiency
- 6. Healthcare Policy and Reform
- 7. Equity and Access in Healthcare.

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- **1.** Lectures
- 2. Seminars
- **3.** Small Group Activities
- **4.** Self-Directed Study
- **5.** Small Group Discussions

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Quiz		30
Midterm		30
Final term examination		60

# **Books and References**

Course notes Recommended books

- Lectures/Tutorials
- Health Economics and Policy" by James W. Henderson, Thomas E. Getzen
- "The Economics of Health and Health Care" by Sherman Folland, Allen C. Goodman, Miron Stano
- "Health Economics" by Jay Bhattacharya, Timothy Hyde, Peter Tu

MDCN5811	Gynecology and Obstetrics (Junior)	Ι		
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6	

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the normal anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive system, including the menstrual cycle, conception, pregnancy, and childbirth.
- 2. Recognize and manage high-risk pregnancies, including complications such as gestational diabetes, preeclampsia, and multiple pregnancies.
- 3. Acquire knowledge and skills related to antenatal care, including prenatal screening, ultrasound examination, and management of common pregnancy-related issues.
- 4. Develop proficiency in conducting normal deliveries and managing obstetric emergencies, such as postpartum hemorrhage, shoulder dystocia, and fetal distress.
- 5. Demonstrate effective communication skills and provide compassionate care to women, respecting their autonomy, privacy, and cultural beliefs.

Identify and manage common gynecological conditions such as menstrual disorders, pelvic pain, infections

6. Provide counseling and education on contraception methods, their mechanisms of action, effectiveness, and appropriate use.

#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and Understanding	• Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the normal anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive system.
	• Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, and natural history of common gynecological conditions and obstetric complications.
	• Describe the principles and indications for various diagnostic procedures, medical treatments, and surgical interventions in OB/GYN.
	• Perform a thorough history and physical examination of women, including gynecological and obstetric evaluations.
	• Recognize and interpret findings from diagnostic tests, such as laboratory investigations, imaging studies, and fetal monitoring.
	Demonstrate proficiency in conducting normal vaginal deliveries and managing common obstetric emergencies
	Provide comprehensive antenatal care, including risk assessment
	• Manage high-risk pregnancies and complications effectively, ensuring the well-being of both the mother and fetus
	• Demonstrate effective communication skills when interacting with patients, families, and healthcare teams.
	• Provide counseling and education on contraception methods, their mechanisms of action, effectiveness, and appropriate use.

#### **Course content**

- 1. Introduction: includes overview of the field of obstetric and gynecology, history-taking, physical examination, and ordering and interpreting relevant investigations
- 2. Lectures: Didactic lectures covering essential topics in obstetric and gynecology
- 3. Attending In-patient Floors and learn clinical assessment, examination and management methods supervised by consultants and fellows
- 4. Attending the delivery room and learn clinical assessment, examination and management of normal labour, attending operative deliveries and caesarean section
- 5. Attending in operation theatres for observing gynaecological procedures & operations.

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Didactic Lectures: Lectures are used to deliver foundational knowledge and theoretical concepts in OB/GYN. Faculty members present information on anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, and management approaches through structured presentations. Lectures may include multimedia resources, case discussions, and interactive elements to engage students.
- 2. Problem-Based Learning (PBL): PBL is an active learning approach that involves presenting students with clinical scenarios or problems related to OB/GYN. Students work in small groups to identify and analyze the issues, develop hypotheses, and propose solutions based on available evidence. Facilitators guide the process and stimulate discussion and self-directed learning.
- 3. Clinical Skills Training: Clinical skills training focuses on developing practical skills essential for OB/GYN practice
- 4. Simulation-Based Training: Simulation-based training involves using simulated patient scenarios, mannequins, and task trainers to replicate clinical situations
- 5. Clinical Rotations and Clerkships: Clinical rotations and clerkships provide students with direct exposure to patient care in OB/GYN settings. Under supervision, students participate in obstetric and gynecological evaluations, prenatal care, labor and delivery, and postpartum care. They engage in clinical discussions, observe procedures, and learn from experienced clinicians.
- 6. Case-Based Learning: Case-based learning involves presenting students with real or hypothetical patient cases that require analysis and problemsolving. Students review medical records, interpret diagnostic tests, and formulate management plans based on the presented cases

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Theoretical MCQ exam	2 hrs	50
OSCE static	1 hr	15
OSCE dynamic	1 hr	25
Clinical rotation attendance	6 weeks	10

# **Students Assessment**

#### **Books and References**

**Course notes** 

• Lectures/Tutorials

- Hacker & Moores Essentials of Obstetrics and Gynecology
- Illustrated obstetrics and Gynaecology

MDCN5214	Hematology and oncology			
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6	
Course Objecting				

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Be familiar with the diagnosis, evaluation, and management of hematologic malignancies
- 2. Recognize principles of new developments in biologic therapy of cancer
- 3. Recognize the latest advances in cancers of the lung, the breast, and the gastrointestinal tract
- 4. Analyse and discuss issues related to diverse personal, disease and treatment characteristics and their potential impact on the cancer journey

#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and Understanding	Understand red cell disorders
	<ul> <li>Understand both established information and recent clinical advances in</li> </ul>
	Coagulopathies, anticoagulant and thrombolytic therapies
	• Understand the most recent advances in the pharmacology and toxicology of anti-neoplastic drugs
	Understand the principles of management of gynecologic and other genito-urinary malignancies.
General skills	Communicate ideas and arguments effectively

#### **Course content**

- 1. Hemoglobinopathies and sickle cell disorders
- 2. Classification of anemias
- 3. Bone marrow failure syndromes
- 4. Leukopenia and leukocytosis/ WBC disorders
- 5. Lymph nodes disorders and lymphoma
- 6. Tumour lysis syndrome and haematological emergencies
- 7. Thrombophilias and antiphospholipid syndrome
- 8. Acute leukemias and myelodysplastic syndromes
- 9. Chemotherapeutic agents
- 10. Febrile neutropenia.

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. doctors lectures notes
- 2. case scenario simulation of common clinical cases
- 3. Bed-side teaching

# 4. videos and simulation labs

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Theoretical MCQ exam	120	60
Quiz	15	30
Case presentation	10	10

# **Books and References**

Course notes Essential books

- Lectures/Tutorials
- Robbins and Cotran Pathologic basis of disease TENTH Edition
- Robbins and Cotran Pathologic basis of disease tenth Edition

MDCN5215	Vascular and Cardiothorac	ic		
	Surgery			
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6	

# **Course Objectives**

1. Integrate basic science knowledge-including anatomy, physiology and pathology to the practice of vascular surgery

2. Perform and analyze a complete medical history and physical examination

# **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and Understanding	<ul> <li>Integrate basic science knowledge-including anatomy, physiology and pathology to the practice of vascular surgery.</li> <li>Recognize the clinical manifestations, complications, diagnostic modalities, outcomes and treatment plans for common and/or important vascular surgical problems, with special emphasis on emergencies and malignancies</li> </ul>
Intellectual skills	<ul> <li>Perform and analyze an emergency-directed examination for patients with common vascular surgical emergencies</li> <li>Interpret patient symptoms and physical findings in terms of their anatomic, pathologic and functional diagnostic significances</li> </ul>
Professional skills	<ul> <li>Perform full physical examination appropriate to age and gender in acute and conditions</li> <li>Provide first aid measures (Resuscitate) for emergency patients; injured and/or critically-ill</li> </ul>
General skills	Respect Patients confidentiality and deliver care in an honest, considerate and compassionate manner

#### **Course content**

- 1. Compartment syndrome
- 2. Aneurysms
- 3. Lower limb amputations
- 4. Acute ischemia
- 5. Chronic ischemia
- 6. Atherosclerosis
- 7. Mesentric ischemia
- 8. Ulcers and diabetic foot
- 9. Peripheral arterial disease

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. videos and simulation labs
- 3. Bed-side teaching

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Theoretical MCQ exam	120	60
Attendance		10
Quiz	15	30

#### **Books and References**

**Course notes** 

• Lectures/Tutorials

MDCN5216	Paediatric Surgery		
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the unique anatomical, physiological, and developmental aspects of pediatric patients as they relate to surgical conditions.
- 2. Recognize and describe the clinical manifestations and presentations of common pediatric surgical conditions.
- 3. Understand the pathophysiology, natural history, and complications associated with various pediatric surgical diseases.
- 4. Acquire comprehensive knowledge of common pediatric surgical conditions, including congenital anomalies, pediatric trauma, pediatric oncology, and pediatric surgical emergencies.
- 5. Develop proficiency in conducting comprehensive pediatric surgical histories and physical examinations

6. Understand the principles of surgical management for common pediatric surgical conditions, including indications, techniques, and outcomes. **Intended Learning Outcomes** 

Knowledge and Understanding	<ul> <li>Develop proficiency in conducting thorough pediatric surgical histories and physical examinations.</li> <li>Acquire skills in interpreting relevant diagnostic tests and imaging studies commonly used in pediatric surgical evaluations.</li> <li>Recognize and diagnose common pediatric surgical conditions, including congenital anomalies, pediatric trauma, and pediatric surgical emergencies.</li> <li>Understand the principles of preoperative, intraoperative, and postoperative management specific to pediatric surgical patients.</li> <li>Gain exposure to a variety of pediatric surgical procedures and develop an understanding of the indications, techniques, and potential complications associated with these procedures.</li> </ul>
General skills	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas and arguments effectively</li> </ul>

#### **Course content**

- 1. Introduction to Pediatric Surger
- 2. Pediatric Surgical Anatomy and Physiology
- 3. Congenital anomalies
- 4. Pediatric oncology
- 5. Trauma
- 6. Pediatric surgical emergencies
- 7. Diagnostic Approaches in Pediatric Surgery
- 8. Introduction to common pediatric surgical procedures, including appendectomy, hernia repair, circumcision, and pyloromyotomy
- 9. Postoperative care and management of pediatric surgical patients, including pain management, wound care, and prevention of complications.

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Case-based learning
- 3. Surgical observation and scrubbing
- 4. Clinical rotations
- 5. Case presentations and discussions

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Attendance		20
Final exam	End of semester	80

#### Course notes Essential books

• Lectures/Tutorials

•

- "Essentials of Pediatric Surgery" by Peter Mattei and Robert Carachi
- "Pediatric Surgery: Diagnosis and Management" by Mark Davenport and John G. R. H. Davidson

MDCN5217	Endocrinology and Metab	olic		
C (	Disorders	**	7	
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6	
Course Objectives				
1. The regulation of hormone synthesis and	l secretion			
2. common endocrine disorders and how to	o diagnose it			
3. management of overproduction or reduc	tion of different hormones			
4. Take a full history from patients and make a differential diagnosis				
5. perform complete physical examination to patients				
Intended Learning Outcomes				
Knowledge and Understanding	Understand the regul	ation and physiological effect of di	fferent hormones	
	Discuss the major disorders associated with selected endocrine gland			
	Describe different me	ethods for diagnosis of endocrine-re-	elated disorders	
Intellectual skills	• Explain the symptoms for the disorders associated with hormonal imbalance			
Professional skills	• Interpret hormone test results to diagnose the cause of medical condition			

Ability to analyze and solve problems related to hormone tests

#### **Course content**

**General skills** 

- 1. Introduction to Endocrinology
- 2. Hormones & Hormone Action
- 3. Medical disorders of Hypothalamus & Pituitary Gland
- 4. Medical disorders of thyroid and parathyroid
- 5. Medical disorders of growth
- 6. Medical disorders of adrenal gland
- 7. Medical disorders of male and female reproductive system
- 8. Medical disorders of metabolic bone disease

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. videos and simulation labs

- 3. Bed-side teaching
- 4. case scenario simulation of common clinical cases

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Theoretical MCQ exam	120	60
Case history and long case	50	15
presentations	20	10

# **Books and References**

Course notes	٠	Lectures/Tutorials
Essential books	٠	Greenspan's Basic & Clinical Endocrinology
	٠	Williams Textbook of Endocrinology (12th edition, 2011) by Shlomo Melmed, Kenneth S.
	٠	Polonsky, P. Reed Larsen & Henry M. Kronenberg, Elsevier
Recommended books	٠	CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment in endocrinology

MDCN5213	Forensic Medicine		
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understanding the role of forensic medicine: Exploring the purpose and importance of forensic medicine in the legal system, including its role in investigating and preventing crime, identifying victims, and providing expert witness testimony in court.
- 2. Knowledge of forensic pathology: Developing a comprehensive understanding of forensic pathology, including the study of autopsies, determining causes and mechanisms of death, forensic toxicology, and the interpretation of post-mortem findings.
- 3. Forensic investigation techniques: Learning the various techniques and methods used in the investigation of crime scenes, including evidence collection, preservation, analysis, and documentation. Forensic identification and anthropology: Understanding the techniques used to identify victims and perpetrators of crimes, including fingerprinting, DNA profiling, forensic odontology, and forensic anthropology.
- 4. Documentation and reporting: Developing skills in accurately and effectively documenting findings, writing forensic reports, and presenting expert testimony in court.
- 5. Legal aspects of forensic medicine: Understanding the legal framework surrounding forensic medicine, including relevant laws, regulations, and legal processes related to criminal investigations, post-mortem examinations, and the role of the forensic medical examiner within the legal system.
- 6. Ethical considerations: Discussing ethical considerations in forensic medicine, including patient confidentiality, consent, and the professional responsibilities of forensic practitioners.
- 7. Interdisciplinary collaboration: Recognizing the importance of interdisciplinary collaboration between forensic medicine professionals, law enforcement agencies, legal professionals, and other relevant stakeholders in the criminal justice system.

# **Intended Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge and Understanding	<ul> <li>Explain various medicolegal aspects of malpractice &amp;ethics</li> <li>Describe different medicolegal aspects of living and dead individuals regarding personal identification diagnosis of death, causes and manner of death, postmortem changes Explain medicolegal aspects of blood grouping and DNA in forensic field</li> </ul>	
	• Examine and write a proper primary report for a cases of wounds and injuries	
	<ul> <li>Explain medicolegal aspects of different cases of sexual offences</li> </ul>	
Intellectual skills	• Recognize common ethical dilemmas and suggest a proper solution.	
	• Analyze different malpractice problems.	
	Analyze and recognize a clinical forensic cases	
Professional skills	Identify living and dead individuals	
	• Estimate time pass since death through assessment of postmortem changes	
	Identify different mechanisms and manners of death	
	• Examine different wounds and injuries and write a proper primary	
General skills	• Know when and how to ask for senior consultation	
	• Achieve informed consent from the patient or the patients surrogate for the treatment plan	
	• Utilize IT skills and biostatics properly to present significant work	

#### **Course content**

- 1. Introduction in forensic medicine: Terminology& different medicolegal systems
- 2. Thanatology
- 3. Identification of living and dead individuals
- 4. Wounds and its interpretation
- 5. Sexual offences and its legal aspects
- 6. Medico-legal aspects of infanticide
- 7. Violent asphyxia
- 8. Bodies recovered from water
- 9. Child abuse
- 10. Medicolegal aspects of pregnancy, abortion, delivery
- 11. Medicolegal aspects of mental diseases
- 12. Medical ethics & Malpractice

# **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Tutorials and case-based discussion
- 3. Practical sessions

# **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
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Assignment	20
Final exam	60
Practical exam	20

#### **Books and References**

**Course notes** 

- Essential books
- **Recommended books**

- Lectures/Tutorials
- Keith Simpson Forensic medicine
- Forensic medicine Encyclopedia

# MDCN5423NeurologyCourse typeMinor NeedsHours6

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understanding Neuroanatomy: Medical students should develop a solid understanding of the structure and function of the nervous system, including the brain, spinal cord, and peripheral nerves. This includes learning about different regions, pathways, and connections within the nervous system.
- 2. Recognizing Neurological Disorders: Students should become familiar with the common neurological disorders encountered in clinical practice, such as stroke, epilepsy, neurodegenerative diseases (e.g., Alzheimers disease, Parkinsons disease), multiple sclerosis, and peripheral neuropathies
- 3. Performing a Neurological Examination: Medical students should learn how to conduct a comprehensive neurological examination, which includes assessing cranial nerves, motor and sensory function, coordination, reflexes, and mental status
- 4. Interpreting Diagnostic Tests: Students should gain knowledge and skills in interpreting diagnostic tests commonly used in neurology, such as brain imaging (MRI, CT scans), electroencephalography (EEG), nerve conduction studies, and lumbar puncture
- 5. Developing Differential Diagnoses: Students should learn how to generate a differential diagnosis for patients presenting with neurological symptoms, considering both common and rare conditions.

6. Formulating Management Plans: Medical students should develop the ability to formulate management plans for patients with neurological disorders. **Intended Learning Outcomes** 

Knowledge and Understanding	• Understanding the structure and function of the nervous system, including neuroanatomy and neurophysiology.
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of common neurological disorders, their etiology, pathophysiology, and clinical presentations.</li> </ul>
	• Understanding the principles of neuroimaging techniques and their interpretation in diagnosing neurological conditions.
	• Familiarity with the basic principles of neuropharmacology and the use of medications in neurological treatment.
	• Knowledge of the different diagnostic tests used in neurology, such as electroencephalography (EEG), electromyography (EMG), and lumbar puncture, and their indications and interpretation.

	<ul> <li>Understanding the principles of neurological examination, including assessment of cranial nerves, motor and sensory functions, and reflexes</li> <li>Knowledge of the common neurological emergencies and appropriate management strategies.</li> <li>Knowledge of the major neurodegenerative diseases, such as Alzheimers disease and Parkinsons disease, and their management.</li> </ul>
Intellectual skills	<ul> <li>Clinical Reasoning: Develop the ability to critically analyze patient information, including medical history, examination findings, and diagnostic tests, to arrive at accurate diagnoses and formulate appropriate management plans</li> <li>Problem Solving: Apply knowledge of neurology principles and concepts to identify and solve clinical problems related to neurological disorders.</li> <li>Data Interpretation: Analyze and interpret clinical and investigative data, such as neuroimaging studies, EEG recordings, or laboratory results, to understand the underlying pathophysiology and make informed clinical decisions.</li> <li>Decision Making: Make evidence-based decisions in the management of neurological conditions, weighing the risks and benefits of different treatment options and considering individual patient factors.</li> <li>Clinical Judgment: Develop the ability to make sound judgments and decisions based on clinical experience and knowledge of neurology, considering patient preferences, ethical considerations, and the overall context of care.</li> </ul>
Professional skills	<ul> <li>Clinical Assessment: Demonstrate proficiency in conducting comprehensive neurological assessments, including history-taking, physical examination, and interpretation of relevant findings</li> <li>Diagnostic Skills: Develop the ability to accurately diagnose and classify various neurological disorders based on clinical presentations, examination findings, and diagnostic test results.</li> <li>Treatment Planning: Formulate evidence-based management plans for patients with neurological conditions, considering the available treatment options, potential risks and benefits, and individual patient factors</li> </ul>

# **Course content**

- 1. Introduction to Neurology
- 2. Neuroanatomy
- Neurological Examination
   Common Neurological Disorders
   Neurological Diagnostics
   Neurological Emergencies
   Neuropharmacology

# Teaching and Learning Methods

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Small Group Discussions
- 3. Case-Based Learning
- 4. Bedside Teaching
- 5. Clinical Skills Simulation

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Final exam	1 hr	100

#### **Books and References**

Course notes

• Lectures/Tutorials

MDCN5224	Neurosurgery			
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6	

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the anatomy and physiology of the central nervous system: The course should provide a comprehensive understanding of the structure and function of the brain, spinal cord, and peripheral nerves
- 2. Develop proficiency in neurosurgical techniques: Students should learn and master various neurosurgical techniques, including diagnostic procedures, surgical interventions, and postoperative management
- 3. Acquire knowledge of neurosurgical diseases and conditions: The course should cover a wide range of neurosurgical diseases and conditions, including brain tumors, vascular disorders, traumatic brain and spinal cord injuries, neurodegenerative diseases, and congenital anomalies
- 4. Learn to diagnose and evaluate patients with neurological disorders: Students should be able to perform a thorough neurological examination, interpret diagnostic tests such as MRI and CT scans, and make accurate diagnoses based on clinical findings and imaging studies
- 5. Develop effective communication and teamwork skills: Neurosurgery often requires a multidisciplinary approach, involving collaboration with other healthcare professionals. Students should learn effective communication skills to interact with patients, families, colleagues, and other members of the healthcare tea
- 6. Understand ethical and legal considerations in neurosurgery: The course should address ethical issues related to neurosurgical practice, including patient autonomy, informed consent, end-of-life decisions, and confidentiality. Students should also be familiar with legal and regulatory aspects of neurosurgery
- 7. Gain proficiency in neurosurgical procedures through practical training: The course should provide hands-on experience through practical training, such as surgical simulations, cadaveric dissections, and supervised surgical rotations in the operating room
- 8. Understand the principles of neurosurgical research and evidence-based practice: Students should be familiar with research methodologies, study designs, and statistical analysis relevant to neurosurgery. They should also understand the importance of evidence-based practice in guiding clinical decision

9. Develop decision-making skills in neurosurgical management: The course should emphasize the development of critical thinking and decisionmaking skills in managing neurosurgical patients, including determining the appropriate surgical approach, selecting the most suitable treatment options, and managing complications.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Intended Learning Outcomes	
Knowledge and understanding	<ul> <li>Students should demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the anatomy of the central nervous system, including the brain, spinal cord, and peripheral nerves, including their structures, functions, and interconnections</li> <li>Students should possess knowledge of the fundamental principles of neurophysiology, including the electrical properties of neurons, synaptic transmission, neural signaling, and the organization of neural circuits</li> <li>Students should be able to identify, classify, and describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical presentation, and natural history of various neurosurgical diseases and conditions, such as brain tumors, cerebrovascular diseases, epilepsy, neurodegenerative disorders, and traumatic brain and spinal cord injuries</li> <li>Students should have an understanding of the pharmacological agents commonly used in neurosurgery, including anesthetics, analgesics, neuromuscular blocking agents, antiepileptic drugs, and neuroprotective medications, including their mechanisms of action, dosages, and potential adverse effects</li> <li>Students should understand the basic principles of research methodology, study design, and statistical analysis in neurosurgery. They should be able to critically appraise scientific literature, apply evidence-based practice in clinical decision-making, and interpret and communicate research</li> </ul>
Intellectual skills	<ul> <li>Students should be able to critically analyze complex neurosurgical cases, evaluate diagnostic findings, and formulate evidence-based treatment plans, considering the available scientific literature, patient-specific factors, and potential risks and benefits</li> <li>Students should develop effective problem-solving skills in the context of neurosurgical practice, including the ability to identify and address clinical challenges, anticipate and manage potential complications, and make informed decisions in dynamic and time-sensitive situations</li> <li>Students should demonstrate the ability to integrate clinical information, including history, physical examination findings, imaging results, and laboratory data, to arrive at accurate diagnoses, formulate differential diagnoses, and develop appropriate management plans for patients with neurosurgical conditions</li> <li>Students should possess strong analytical skills, enabling them to critically evaluate research studies, interpret complex neuroimaging findings, and analyze surgical outcomes data to inform clinical practice and advance the field of neurosurgery</li> <li>Students should demonstrate proficiency in technical skills related to neurosurgical procedures, including surgical techniques, instrument handling, and precision in executing surgical maneuvers</li> </ul>

Professional skills	<ul> <li>Students should develop and demonstrate the technical skills necessary to perform neurosurgical procedures safely and effectively, including surgical techniques, instrument handling, suturing, and hemostasis</li> <li>Students should possess the skills to conduct thorough neurological examinations, including obtaining a detailed medical history, performing neurological tests, interpreting imaging studies, and formulating accurate diagnoses</li> <li>Students should learn how to effectively communicate with patients and their families, explaining diagnoses, treatment options, potential outcomes, and risks involved, and obtaining informed consent for surgical interventions</li> <li>Students should develop the ability to work collaboratively with other healthcare professionals, such as neurologists, radiologists, anesthesiologists, and physical therapists, to provide comprehensive care and ensure optimal patient outcomes</li> <li>Students should demonstrate a commitment to providing patient-centered care, respecting patients autonomy, cultural and socioeconomic backgrounds, and preferences, and involving them in shared decision-making processes</li> <li>Students should develop leadership skills, including the ability to effectively lead a surgical team, delegate tasks, manage resources, and make informed decisions in complex and dynamic clinical situations</li> <li>Students should cultivate a commitment to lifelong learning, engaging in continuous professional development activities, attending conferences, participating in research, and staying up-to-date with advancements in neurosurgery to provide the best possible care to patients</li> </ul>
General skills	<ul> <li>Students should be able to identify and address clinical challenges, develop innovative solutions, and adapt to unexpected situations during neurosurgical practice</li> <li>Students should acquire effective communication skills, including listening, speaking, and writing, to effectively communicate with patients, families, colleagues, and other healthcare professionals</li> <li>Students should develop strong interpersonal skills, including empathy, compassion, cultural sensitivity, and the ability to establish rapport and build trust with patients and their families</li> <li>Students should demonstrate the ability to work effectively as part of a multidisciplinary team, collaborating with other healthcare professionals to provide comprehensive and coordinated care to neurosurgical patients</li> <li>Students should recognize the importance of lifelong learning and engage in continuous professional develop the ability to adapt to changing circumstances, handle stress, and maintain resilience in challenging situations inherent to neurosurgical practice</li> </ul>

# **Course content**

- Introduction to Neurosurgery
   Neuroanatomy

- 3. Neurophysiology and Neuropathology
- 4. Neuroimaging
- 5. Neurosurgical Techniques and Procedure
- 6. Neurosurgical Diseases and Conditions
- 7. Neurocritical Care
- 8. Pediatric Neurosurgery
- 9. Neurosurgical Research and Innovation
- 10. Professional and Communication Skills

#### **Teaching and Learning Methods**

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Case-Based Learning
- 3. Surgical Simulations
- 4. Clinical Rotations
- 5. Small-Group Discussions
- 6. Surgical Observations
- 7. Team-Based Learning
- 8. Online Resources and e-Learning
- 9. Research Projects
- 10. Presentations and Grand Rounds

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks	
	-th		
First exam	6 <sup>th</sup> week	20	
Attendance	At the end of course	10	
Research	8 <sup>th</sup> week	20	
Final exam	At the end of course	50	

# **Books and References**

Course notes Recommended books

- Lectures/Tutorials
  - Kaplan and Sadocks Comprehensive Textbook of Psychiatry" by Benjamin J. Sadock, Virginia A. Sadock, and Pedro Ruiz.
  - "The American Psychiatric Association Publishing Textbook of Psychiatry" edited by Laura Weiss Roberts and Philip R. Muskin.
  - "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5)" published by the American
  - Psychiatric Association.
  - "Oxford Textbook of Psychiatry" edited by Michael G. Gelder, Nancy C. Andreasen, Juan J. Lopez-Ibor, and John R. Geddes

MDCN5622 Psychiatry & Behavioral disorders				
Course type	Minor Needs	Hours	6	
<ol> <li>Course Objectives         <ol> <li>Engage with a patient and establid developmental level of the patient context of the illness.</li> <li>Conduct a psychiatric diagnostic performing the Mental Status Exator for further diagnostic studies; developmental view written report.</li> <li>Describe and employ DSM-5 crittic clinical history, life stressors, chained.</li> <li>Explain the range of psychiatric in psychotherapies (including fundational stresson)</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	sh and maintain rapport including dem t, cultural awareness, recognition of th workup in an organized prioritized ma amination; assessing pertinent features veloping an initial plan of care (includi teria for the diagnosis of patients in the illenging psychosocial situations, and p nterventional therapeutics for various mentals of psychodynamic, behavioral	onstrating the use of cognitive empt e social determinants of health, and nner. This should include: acquiring of the physical exam; developing a ng discharge planning from the time context of complex clinical present batient personality variables treatment options: psychopharmacol and cognitive approaches), and psy	athy, respect, sensitivity to the seeking to understand the conceptual g and organizing the psychiatric history; differential diagnosis; determining need e of admission); and, documenting this in a ations while taking into account the logic agents, electroconvulsive therapies,	
Intended Learning Outcomes Knowledge and Understanding	<ul> <li>including their etiolog</li> <li>Neurobiology of Merincluding the role of manifestation of men</li> <li>Psychopathology: Depsychopathological for disorders, psychotic of Diagnostic Skills: Leclinical information, criteria, such as the D</li> <li>Treatment Modalities disorders, including pehavioral therapy),e</li> <li>Psychiatric Emergeno such as suicidal behavioral behavior</li></ul>	iatric Disorders: Acquire knowledge gy, clinical presentations, diagnostic neurotransmitters, genetics, and brait tal illnesses. welop a comprehensive understandine eatures of different psychiatric disor lisorders, personality disorders, and arn the skills necessary to conduct p and make accurate psychiatric diagr SM-5(Diagnostic and Statistical Ma conduction) (ECT), and cies: Understand the assessment and wior, acute psychosis, mania, severe	c criteria, and natural course. blogical basis of psychiatric disorders, in circuitry in the development and ng of the symptoms, signs, and ders, such as mood disorders, anxiety substance use disorders. sychiatric interviews, gather relevant noses based on standardized diagnostic anual of Mental Disorders). ent modalities available for psychiatric y approaches (such as cognitive- d other somatic treatments. management of psychiatric emergencies, anxiety, and aggression.	
Intellectual skills	Perform mental status exhibit symptoms of	s assessments and psychiatric evalua a psychiatric disorder	ations while caring for patients who	

Professional skills	<ul> <li>Hypothesize the relationship between selected medical conditions and psychiatric symptoms</li> <li>Write the results of a comprehensive psychiatric history and evaluation in an accurate, organized and systematic manner</li> <li>Orally present psychiatric findings clearly and effectively to patients, family members, and appropriate medical personnel</li> <li>Design a treatment plan that demonstrates: 1) familiarity with the biological, psychological and social aspects of treatment planning, and 2) awareness of the patient, family and community resources</li> <li>Summarize the indications, basic mechanisms of action, common side effects and important drug interactions of each class of commonly used psychotropic medication</li> <li>Demonstrate communication consistent with professional, ethical, practice when working with other professionals, patients, families, carer groups and non-government organisations: identifying the roles and responsibilities of these partners to improve continuity of care in a transition across selected practice context.</li> <li>Demonstrate understanding of the principles of interprofessional practice and discusses the impact upon collaboration with people with lived experience and their supporters.</li> <li>Describe the principles of quality improvement and discuss their application to improve recovery-oriented care within a selected service setting</li> </ul>
General skills	<ul> <li>Adhere to the attendance policy.</li> <li>Demonstrate interpersonal skills necessary to maintain professionalism communicate appropriately with patients, their families, and other medic and paramedical personnel involved in patient care</li> </ul>

# **Course content**

- 1. Introduction to Psychiatry.
- 2. Psychiatric interview.
- 3. Psychiatric assessment (MAA-GAF).
- 4. Mental state examination.
- 5. Depression and related Mood disorders.
- 6. Schizophrenia and related Psychotic disorders
- 7. Anxiety and related disorders
- 8. Somatic Symptom and Related Disorders
- 9. Eating disorders.
- 10. Factitious and related disorders
- 11. Sexual and gender identity disorders
- 12. Personality disorders
- 13. Sleep disorders.
- 14. Amnestic and Dissociative disorders.
- 15. Substance-Related and Addictive Disorders

# 16. Psychopharmacology. 17. Psychotherapy. Teaching and Learning Methods 1. Lectures

- Laboratory/Studio
   Tutorial

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	Time	Marks
Final examination	3 hours	100

# **Books and References**

Course notes Recommended Books	<ul> <li>Lectures/Tutorials</li> <li>Kaplan and Sadocks Comprehensive Textbook of Psychiatry" by Benjamin J. Sadock, Virginia A. Sadock, and Pedro Ruiz.</li> <li>"The American Psychiatric Association Publishing Textbook of Psychiatry" edited by LauraWeiss Roberts and Philip R. Muskin.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>"Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5)" published by the American Psychiatric Association.</li> <li>"Oxford Textbook of Psychiatry" edited by Michael G. Gelder, Nancy C. Andreasen, Juan J.L?pez-Ibor, and John R. Geddes.</li> </ul>

# Knowledge and skill matrix

Main course content	Study	Knowledge and understanding	Intellectual skills	Professional skills	General skills
	week				
Introduction to	1	1,2	1,2		
Psychiatry.					
Psychiatric interview					
Psychiatric	1	1,2	1,2	1,2	
assessment					
(MAA-GAF).					
Mental state					
examination					
Depression and related	1	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Mood disorders.					
Schizophrenia and	1	1,2	1,2	1,2	
related					

Psychotic disorders					
Anxiety and related	2	1,2	1,2	1,2	
disorders					
Somatic Symptom and	2	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Related Disorders					
Eating disorders.	2	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Factitious and related	2	1,2	1,2	1,2	
disorders.					
Sexual and gender	2	1,2	1,2	1,2	
identity disorders.					
Personality disorders	3	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Sleep disorders.	3	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Amnestic and	3	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Dissociative disorders.					
Substance-Related and	3	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Addictive Disorders					
Psychopharmacology	4	1,2	1,2	1,2	
Psychotherapy	4	1,2	1,2	1,2	

# RMU & Al-Azhar University joint academic calendar & session

# **Introduction:**

Welcome to the Academic Calendar for Al-Azhar University students enrolled at Rawalpindi Medical University (RMU). This calendar is an essential guide to the academic year, outlining key dates, deadlines, and important events that will shape your educational journey. It is designed to help you plan effectively and stay on track throughout the semester.

Al-Azhar University, renowned for its commitment to excellence in education, is proud to partner with Rawalpindi Medical University in delivering a comprehensive medical curriculum. As part of this collaboration, students will engage in a rigorous academic program that blends traditional learning with hands-on clinical experience. The academic calendar provides detailed information about semester start and end dates, holidays, examination schedules, and other academic-related activities, ensuring students can manage their time and responsibilities efficiently.

Students have completed their 5 weeks of 4<sup>th</sup> year in Al Azhar University and joined RMU on 30<sup>th</sup> October 2024

# **Foundation Module:**

It is with great pleasure that we welcome you to the **Foundation Module** at **RMU**, specially designed to provide you with an intensive, one-week review and overview of core subjects in the medical sciences. This program has been developed with the aim of helping you transition smoothly into the academic environment at RMU, while reinforcing and enhancing your foundational knowledge in **Anatomy**, **Physiology**, **Biochemistry**, **Pharmacology**, and **Pathology**.

# **Module Objectives**

The **Foundation Module** serves as an important introduction to the advanced medical courses that you will encounter in your academic journey. Over the course of this week, you will have the opportunity to revisit key concepts from each subject, ensuring that you are well-prepared for the more specialized and in-depth learning that lies ahead. Our goal is to:

- **Recap essential concepts** from the basic sciences that form the foundation of medicine.
- Strengthen your understanding of how the body functions, how drugs interact with the body, and how diseases develop and progress.
- Foster collaborative learning through interactive sessions, group discussions, and practical workshops.
- Provide an overview of **RMU's academic resources**, teaching methods, and support systems available to you during your time here.

Time Table of Foundation Module From 04-11-24 to 9-11-24

	8:00 AM – 9:00 AM	09:00am – 10:00am	10:00-11:00 am	11:30am – 2pm					
	Anatomy	Physiology	Biochemistry						
Monday	Overview of Anatomy	Overview of Physiology	Overview of Biochemistry	CLINICAL ROTATION IN MEDICINE DEPARTMENT					
04-11-24	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	(MU 1 & MU 2) Holy Family Hospital					
	Dr Maria (AP)	Dr Kamil	Dr Kashif (AP)						
	Pharmacology	Physiology	Biochemistry	EA					
Tuesday	Overview of Pharmacology	Overview of Physiology	Overview of Biochemistry	CLINICAL ROTATION IN MEDICINE DEPARTMENT					
05-11-24	Lecture hall 3	Lecture Hall 3	Lecture hall 3	(MU 1 & MU 2) Holy Family Hospital					
	Dr Attiya (AP)	Dr Kamil	Dr Rahat	DOA					
	Anatomy	Surgery	Medicine	AM					
Wednesday	Overview of Anatomy	Overview of Pathology	Overview of Medicine						
06-11-24	lecture hall 3	Lecture Hall 3	Lecture hall 3	CLINICAL ROTATION IN SURGERY DEPARTMENT					
	Dr Arsalan (Assoc Prof)	Prof Dr Faryal	Dr Saima Ambreen (Assoc Prof)	(SU 1 & SU 2) Holy Family Hospital					
	Pathology	Pharmacology	Community Medicine						
Thursday	Overview of Pathology	Overview of Pharmacology	Overview of Public Health and Research	CLINICAL ROTATION IN SURGERY DEPARTMENT					
07-11-24	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	(SU 1 & SU 2) Holy Family Hospital					
	Dr Kiran (AP)	Dr Haseeba (AP)	Dr Khola Noreen (Assoc Prof)						
	08:00AM - 09:00AM	09:00 AM-10:00AM	10:00AM - 11:00 AM	11:00-12:00AM					
Friday	Medicine	Surgery	Pathology	Radiology					
8-11-24	Overview of Medicine	Overview of Surgery	Overview of Pathology	Overview of Radiology					
	Prof Muhammad	Prof Waqas Raza	Dr Fatima tuz Zahara (AP)	Prof Nasir Khan					
	Khurram								
Saturday 9-11-24									

Academic Calendar for 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> & 6<sup>th</sup> Year MBBS

## Summary plan for Al Azhar -RMU students

Academic	Total	Teaching	Preparatory	Examination	End-of-year	Dates of year 4 (including
year	weeks	weeks	leave weeks	leaves	leaves	examination and prep leaves)
4th year	41	31 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks	2 weeks	11/11/2024 to 13/9/2025
5th year	42	33 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks	2 weeks	15/9/2025 to 12/7/2026
6th year		20 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks		13/7/2026 to 24/1/2027

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Courses		Start date	End date	Weeks per subject	Assessments	Total weeks				
Community Medicine ENT		11/11/24	7/12/24	2 2	End-of-course End-of-year	4				
Мес	licine	9/12/24	31/1/25	8	End-of-course End-of-year	8				
MEDICINE & ALLIED	Cardiology Dermatology Radiology	3/2/24 17/2/24 24/2/24	15/2/25 22/2/25 8/3/25	2 1 2	End-of-course End-of-year	5				
Family	Medicine	10/3/25	22/3/2025	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2				
Ramadan and Eid	d ul Fitar Holidays	24/3/25	2/4/25							
Sui	gery	3/4/25	31/5/25	8	End-of-course End-of-year	8				
SURGERY & ALLIED	1 + 10 + 11 + 20 + 3 + 6 + 75 + 15 + 6 + 75			2 2	End-of-course End-of-year	4				
	Economics er Course	30/6/25	12/7/25	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2				
Exam Pr	reparation	14/7/25	2/8/25	4		4				
Annual Professional Assessment		4/7/25	30/8/25	4	Written (to be conducted by Al Azhar University) OSCE (static & Dynamic to be conducted by RMU)	4				
End of y	vear break	1/9/2025	13/9/2025	2						

### 4th-year Academic Calendar

Total weeks					41
	5	<sup>th</sup> year Aca	demic Cale	endar	
Courses	Start date	End date	Weeks per subject	Assessments	Total weeks
Gynae/Obstetrics	15/9/25	24/10/25	6	End-of-course End-of-year	6
Pediatrics	27/10/25	5/12/25	6	End-of-course End-of-year	6
Psychiatry & Behavior Disorders	8/12/25	2/1/26	4	End-of-course End-of-year	4
Neurology	5/1/26	23/1/26	3	End-of-course End-of-year	3
Neurosurgery	26/1/26	6/2/25	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Forensic Medicine & Toxicology	9/2/26	20/2/26	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Plastic surgery	23/3/26	6/3/26	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Vascular & Cardiothoracic Surgery	9/3/26	20/3/26	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Hematology & Oncology	23/2/26	3/4/26	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Endocrinology & Metabolic Disorders	6/4/26	17/4/26	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Ophthalmology	20/4/26	1/5/26	2	End-of-year End-of-course	2
Exam Preparation Time	4/5/26	29/5/26	4		3
Annual Professional Exam	1/6/26	26/6/26	4	Written (to be conducted by Al Azhar University) OSCE (static & Dynamic to be conducted by RMU)	4
End of year leaves	29/6/25	12/7/26	2		

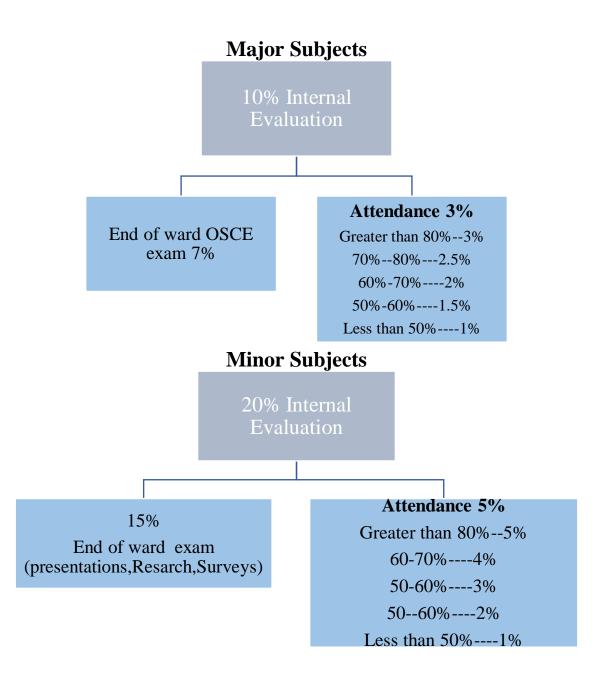
Total weeks					40
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# 6<sup>th</sup> year Academic Calendar

Courses	Start date	End date	Weeks per subject	Assessments	Total weeks
Internal Medicine	13/7/26	7/8/26	4	End-of- course End-of-year	4
General Surgery	10/8/26	4/9/26	4	End-of-course End-of-year	4
Gynae/Obstetrics	7/9/26	2/10/26	4	End-of-course End-of-year	4
Pediatrics	5/10/26	30/10/26	4	End-of-course End-of-year	4
Anesthesia	2/11/26	13/11/26	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Emergency	16/11/26	27/11/26	2	End-of-course End-of-year	2
Exam Preparation	30/11/26	25/12/26	4		2
Annual Professional Assessment	26/12/26	24/1/27	4	Written (to be conducted by Al Azhar University) OSCE (static & Dynamic to be conducted by RMU)	4
Total weeks					26

#### Assessment framework

Type of assessment	Strategies	Tool of	fassessment	Number of
		Theory	Practical	assessments
Formative assessment	LMS Based	MCQs		1 per week
Summative assessment			OSCE	1
End-of-year assessment	•		OSCE	



### Community Medicine & ENT Time Duration: 4 Weeks

Time Table V	Wee	ek 1 (11-11-24 to 16-11-24)
 10.00		

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am			11:00am – 2:00 pm		
Monday 11-11-24	Community Medicine Introduction to epidemiology	ENT Hearing Loss & Vertigo		Clinical Clerkship Com	Clinical Clerkship Community Medicine		
11-11-24	Lecture hall 3 Dr Sana Bilal	Lecture hall 3 Dr Nida	BRE				
Tuesday 12-11-24	ENT Acute & Chronic Otitis Externa	Community Medicine Descriptive studies	BREAK 10:30AM	Clinical Clerkship Com	munity Medicine		
	Lecture hall 3 Dr Arshad	Lecture hall 3 Dr Khola Noreen	80AM				
Wednesda y 13-11-24	ENT Acute & Chronic Otitis Externa	Community Medicine Analytical studies	Clinical Clerkship Community Medicine				
13 11 24	lecture hall 3 Dr Haitham Akash	Lecture hall 3 Dr Mehwish Riaz	)AM				
Thursday 14-11-24	Community Medicine Measures of morbidity and mortality Lecture hall 3	ENT ASOM/CSOM with Complications Lecture hall 3		Clinical Clerkship Com	munity Medicine		
	Dr Sana Bilal	Dr Ashar Alamgir					
Friday 15-11-24	Int	08:30AM – 12:30 PM roduction to Clinical Medici Clinical Clerkship	ne				
		No 1-15 /IU1		Roll No 16-31 MU2			
Saturday				08:30AM - 2: ENT	00 PM		
16-11-24	Clinical Clerkship						

Hours taught in a week: Community Medicine: 18 hours

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am			11:00am – 2:00 pm				
	Community Medicine	ENT		Community Medici	ne (11:00-12:30)	Community Medicine (12:30-2:00)			
Monday 18-11-24	Outbreak investigation	Anatomy and Physiology of larynx, trachea and bronchi		Research Session 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Clinical Clerkship Community Medicine			
10 11 21	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	ω	Lecture hall 3		Lecture hall 3			
	Dr Narjis Zaidi	Dr Nida	BREAK	Dr Khola Noreen, Dr	: Mariya	Dr Saba Maryam			
	ENT			Community Medici	ne (11:00-12:30)	Community Medicine (12:30-2:00)			
Tuesday	Benign Diseases of the	Disease association and	10:30	Research session 2		Community diagnosis by household survey			
19-11-24	Larynx		:3 0	Lecture hall 3					
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	AM	Dr Afifa Kulsoom, E	r Mariya	Dr Mehrish Saleem			
	Dr Arshad		<b>S</b>						
Wednesda	ENT	Community Medicine	<u>_</u>	Community Medici	ne (11:00-12:30)	Community Medicine (12:30-2:00)			
У	Laryngeal Carcinoma	Improvement in clinical diagnosis	1:00	Research session 3 Lecture hall 3		Community diagnosis by household survey Lecture hall 3			
20-11-24	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	A M	Dr Mehwish Riaz, Dr Mariya		Dr Mehrish Saleem			
	Dr Haitham Akash	Dr Farrah Pervaiz	-		-				
	Community Medicine	ENT		Community Medici	ne (11:00-12:30)	Community Medicine (12:30-2:00)			
	Natural History of	Foreign Body of Air		Research session 4		Community diagnosis by household survey			
Thursday	disease	passages		Lecture hall 3		Lecture hall 3			
21-11-24	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		Dr Imrana Saeed, I	Dr Mehrish	Dr Saba Maryam			
	Dr Farrah Pervaiz	Dr Ashar Alamgir							
		08:30AM - 12:30 PM							
Friday		Clinical ENT							
22-11-24		Clinical Clerkship							
				08:30AM					
Saturday 23-11-24				Clinica	al ENT				
23-11-24	Clinical Clerkship								

#### Time Table week 2 (18-11-24 to 23-11-24)

Hours taught in a week: Community Medicine: 18 hours

ENT: 14 hours

#### Time Table week 3 (25-11-24 to 30-11-24)

	8:30 AM - 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am			11:00am – 2:00 pm			
	Community Medicine	ENT		Community Medicine (11:00 am – 12:00 pm)	Community Medicine (12:00 pm – 1:00 pm)	Community Medicine (1:00 pm – 2:00 pm)		
Monday 25-11-24	Developing health education programs	Anatomy and physiology of nose and paranasal sinuses		Efficacy of therapy	Levels of prevention	Community diagnosis by household survey		
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		
	Dr Mehjabeen	Dr Tabassum		Dr Afifa Kulsoom	Dr Narjis Zaidi	Dr Saba Maryam		
	Community Medicine	ENT	BR	Clinical ENT (11:00 am – 2	2:00 pm)	1		
Tuesday 26-11-24	screening	Acute & Chronic Rhinosinusitis	BREAK 10:30AM	Clinical Clerkship				
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	10:					
	Dr Farah Pervaiz	Dr Arshad	30A					
Wednesda	ENT	Community Medicine	M - 11:00	Community Medicine (11:00am – 2:00 pm)				
y 27-11-24	Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma, epistaxis, trauma to face	Maternal health assessment	:00 AM	Research Session 5,6				
	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		Lecture hall 3				
	Dr Haitham Akash	Dr Imrana Saeed		Dr Mehwish Riaz, Dr Narjis	Zaidi, Dr Mehrish Saleem			
	Community Medicine	ENT		Clinical ENT (11:00am – 2	2:00 pm)			
Thursday 28-11-24	Infant and child health assessment	Nose and PNS malignancies		Clinical Clerkship ENT				
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3						
	Dr Farrah Pervaiz	Dr Ashar Alamgir						
Friday		08:00AM - 12:00 PM	1					
29-11-24		<b>Clinical ENT</b>						
		Clinical Clerkship						
	08:00AM - 11:00 AM			00 – 1:00 PM				
Saturday	Clinical ENT			rricular Activity				
30 -11-24	Clinical Clerkship	<u> </u>		Sports Ground ain Campus RMU				

Hours taught in a week: Community Medicine: 11 hours

ENT: 18 hours

#### Time Table week 4 (02-12-24 to 07-12-24)

	8:30 AM - 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am			11:00am –	2:00 pm						
	Community Medicine	ENT	1									
Monday 2-12-24	Screening	Anatomy and physiology of Oral Cavity, pharynx		Clinical ENT	Clinical ENT							
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		Clinical Clerkship ENT (	history & examination releva	nt to pharynx & larynx)	)					
	Dr Farrah Pervaiz	Dr Tabassum										
	Community Medicine	Community Medicine		Community Medicine (11:00-11:45)	Community Medicine (11:45-12:30)	Community Medicine (12:30- 1:15)	Community Medicine (1:15-2:00)					
Tuesday 3-12-24	Role of physician in occupational health, Investigating occupational asthma		BREAK 1	Levels of prevention	Health education & Counselling	Environment and medicine	Assessing efficacy of therapy					
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	10:	Lecture hall 3	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3					
	Dr Mehjabeen	Dr Khola Noreen	30	Dr Narjis	Dr Mehjabeen	Dr Afifa Kulsoom	Dr Afifa Kulsoom					
	ENT	Community Medicine	10:30 AM - 11	Community Medicine (11:00-11:45)	Community Medicine (11:45-12:45)	Community Medic	ine (12:45-2:00)					
Wednesday 4-12-24	Head and Neck space infections	Environmental health hazards	11:00AM	Maternal health assessment	Research class	Household survey						
	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	1	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3						
	Dr Haitham Akash	Dr Imrana	1	Dr Imrana	Dr Narjis, Dr Mehrish	Dr Saba, Dr Mariya,	, Dr Mehrish					
	ENT	ENT		Clinical ENT								
Thursday 5-12-24	Acute & Chronic tonsillitis, pharyngitis, Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma, epistaxis, trauma to face	ENT Emergencies and surgical procedures		Clinical Clerkship ENT (	history & examination releva	nt to Ear)						
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3										
	Dr Arshad	Dr Ashar Alamgir										
Friday		08:30AM - 12:00 PM										
6-12-24		Clinical ENT										
	Clinical Clerkship	history & examination	rele									
				08:30AM - 02								
				Clinical E	NT							
Saturday 7-12-24	Clinical Clerkship history & examination relevant to throat)											

	8:30 AM - 9:30 AM		10:00-12:00	12:00-1:00	1:00-2:00			
	LGIS		Clinical Examination Skill Procedures /Diagnostics	s SGD/Topic Presentation	SDL			
	Medicine		Clinical Medicine-Pulmonolog	av				
Monday	Obstructive Lung Disease	<b></b>						
9-12-24	Lecture hall 3	RE	Respiratory Examination	Case of episodic shortness of				
	Dr Arsalan		Back of chest	Case of fever, cough, and rig	tt-sided chest pain.			
Tuesday	Medicine	BREAK 9:30AM	Clinical Medicine -Pulmonolo	ogv				
10-12-24	Respiratory infections				. 1			
	Lecture hall 3		Ham to need a CVD		Case of long-standing progressive shortness of			
	Dr Arsalan		How to read a CXR	breath, swelling of abdomen	and feet			
Wednesday	Restrictive Lung Disease and Malignancy lecture hall 3		Clinical Medicine-Pulmonolog	gy				
11-12-24								
			Respiratory Examination		Case of headaches and dizziness with occasional			
	Dr Arsalan	_	Front of chest	5	blurred vision with high Blood pressure			
	Medicine	_	Clinical Medicine -Pulmonolo	ogy				
Thursday	Hypertension and Ischemic Heart disease	_						
12-12-24	Lecture hall 3	_	ECG leads Placement	History taking and Physical I	Examination			
	Dr Asad							
	08:30AM – 9:30 PM		9:30-12:30					
Friday	Clinical Medicine -Cardiology		Clinical Medicine					
13-12-24	<b>Clinical Examination Skills</b>		SDL					
	Procedures /Diagnostics							
	Pleural Tap and Interpretation							
Saturday 14-12-24	HOLIDAY							

### Medicine Time Table Week 1 (9-12-24 to 14-12-24)

### Medicine Time Table Week 2 (16-12-24 to 21-12-24)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM		10:00-12:00	12:00-1:00	1:00-2:00		
	LGIS		Clinical Examination Ski Procedures /Diagnostics	L	SDL		
	Medicine		Clinical Medicine-Pulmonol				
Monday	Valvular heart disease						
16-12-24	Lecture hall 3	BR	Precordium	Case with sudden palpitation	ns, dizziness, tachycardia		
	Dr Asad	EA	Examination				
Tuesday	Medicine	BREAK 9:30AM	Clinical Medicine -Pulmonol	logy			
17-12-24	Dysrhythmia and cardiac resuscitation	9:3			1.1.		
-	Lecture hall 3		Basics of ECG	Case of jaundice, fatigue, an	d right upper quadrant		
	Dr Arsalan	X	Basics of ECG	pain			
	Medicine	- 10	Clinical Medicine-Gastrolog	y & Hepatology			
Wednesday 18-12-24	Acute Hepatitis lecture hall 3						
10-12-24			Abdominal Examination		Case of ant-HCV positive patient complains of		
	Dr Arsalan			confusion and abdominal distension having bizarre behaviour and tremors.			
	Medicine		Clinical Medicine -Gastrolog				
Threadow	Chronic Liver Disease	_		,F			
Thursday 19-12-24	Lecture hall 3		Endoscopy basics	History taking and Physical	Examination		
	Dr Asad						
	08:30AM - 9:30 PM		9:30-12:30				
	Clinical Medicine -Gastrology &		Clinical Medicine				
Friday 20-12-24	Hepatology						
20-12-24	Clinical Examination Skills Procedures /Diagnostics		SDL				
	Ascitic Tap and Interpretation						
Saturday 21-12-24	RECON						

### Medicine Time Table Week 3 (23-12-24 to 28-12-24)

	8:30 AM - 9:30 AM			10:00-12:00	12:00-1:00	1:00-2:00		
	LGIS			Clinical Examination Skills Procedures /Diagnostics	SGD/Topic Presentation	SDL		
	Medicine			Clinical Medicine-Gastrology & Hep				
Monday	Pancreatitis	ВК	BB					
23-12-24	Lecture hall 3	EA		KUB	Case with decreased	urine output for last 12 hours.		
	Dr Tanveer	×	R	Examination				
	Medicine	BREAK 9:30AN	0.1	Clinical Medicine -Nephrology Fluid	Electrolyte and Acid	d-Base Imbalance		
Tuesday	Acute kidney injury	- OA		Chinear Weaterne -Rephrology Flat	· •			
24-12-24	Lecture hall 3					edema and periorbital puffiness and		
	Dr Asmara	- IO	_ 10	Urine RE interpretation	frothy urine Case with history of hematuria for last 2 days			
Wednesday 25-12-24	PUBLIC HOLIDAY	- 10:00AM		PUBLIC HOLIDAY				
	Medicine			Clinical Medicine -Nephrology Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Imbalance				
Thursday	Glomerulonephritis Lecture hall 3							
26-12-24				Electrolyte Imbalance	History taking and P	Physical Examination		
	Dr Asmara			Blood Chemistry Interpretation				
	08:30AM - 9:30 PM			9:30-12:30				
	Clinical Medicine -Nephrology			Clinical Medicine				
Friday	Clinical Examination Skills Procedures /Diagnostics			SDL				
27-12-24	General Physical Examination/Signs Of fluid overload	anorexi	ia, 1	ar old diabetic and hypertensive male pr nausea, lethargy and easy fatiguability fo ported multiple episodes of hypoglycem days	r last 2 months.			
Saturday 28-12-24	RECON							

### **Medicine** Time Table Week 4 (30-12-24 to 3-1-25)

	8:30 AM - 9	:30 AM		10:00-12:00	12:00-1:00	1:00-2:00		
	LGIS	5		Clinical Examination Skills Procedures /Diagnostics	SGD/Topic Presentation	SDL		
	Medici Renal Replacem	-		Clinical Medicine-Nephrology Fluid,	e Imbalance			
Monday								
30-12-24	Lecture h Dr Mudassar AP		<b>3RE</b>	RFTs Interpretation		ic and hypertensive male complains of th, fatigue and persistent vomiting		
			AK 9					
Tuesday	Medici Potassium D			Clinical Medicine -Nephrology Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Imbalance				
31-12-24	Lecture h	nall 3	AM		A 23-year-old female presented with confusion and fatigue			
	Dr Mudassar		- 10	General Physical Examination	following persistent vomiting.			
Wednesday	Medicine		10:00AM	Clinical Medicine -Nephrology Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Imbalance				
1-1-25	Hyponatr		Abdominal examination		A 65-year-old female presents with confusion and headaches after increasing her water intake during a marathon training session			
	Lecture h Dr Usar			Addominal examination				
	Medicine Hypernatr	ramia		Clinical Medicine -Nephrology Fluid,	, Electrolyte and Acid-Bas	e Imbalance		
Thursday 2-1-25	Lecture h			ABGs interpretation	An 80-year-old male with a	history of dementia is admitted with		
	Dr Usa	na		··· r ·····	signs of dehydration and let insufficient fluid intake	hargy, likely resulting from		
	08:30AM - 9:30 PM			9:30-12:30				
Friday 3-1-25	Medicine	Clinical Medicine - Nephrology		Clinica	l Medicine			
5-1-25	Acid base disorders	CVP/Dialysis Cathete	er	SDL				
	Dr Mudassar			A 45 years old male patient, history of CKD on conservative management, presented with vomiting and shortness of breath. ABGs show PH- 7.23 pCO2- 25 HCO3- 5.4 2.				
Saturday 28-12-24								

#### 10:00-12:00 8:30 AM - 9:30 AM 12:00-1:00 1:00-2:00 **Clinical Examination Skills SGD/Topic Presentation** SDL LGIS **Procedures /Diagnostics** Medicine Viral Infections specifically dengue, HIV and **Clinical Medicine -Infectious Diseases Respiratory Viral Infections** Monday **BREAK 9:30AM Interpretation of Serological Tests** 6-1-25 Lecture hall 3 Dr. Mujeeb Khan (Hepatitis, Brucellosis, Amoebiasis, HIV etc.) Medicine **Clinical Medicine -Infectious Diseases** Tuesday Bacterial infections (enteric fever) 7-1-25 Lecture hall 3 -10:00AM Dr. Mujeeb Khan Medicine **Clinical Medicine -Infectious Diseases** Wednesday Parasitic Infections Malaria 8-1-25 Lecture hall 3 Dr. Mujeeb Khan Thursday Medicine **Clinical Medicine -Infectious Diseases** 2-1-25 lecture hall 3 Thursday Dr. Mujeeb Khan 9-1-25 Medicine 9:30-12:30 08:30AM - 9:30 PM **Clinical Medicine -Nephrology Clinical Medicine** Friday **Clinical Examination Skills** SDL 10-1-25 **Procedures / Diagnostics** Saturday 11-1-25

#### Medicine Time Table Week 5 (6-1-25 to 11-1-25)

### Medicine Time Table Week 5 (6-1-25 to 11-1-25)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM		10:00am – 2:00 pm				
Monday	Medicine           Viral Infections specifically dengue, HIV and Respiratory           Viral Infections		Clinical Medicine -Infectious Diseases				
6-1-25	Lecture hall 3 Dr. Mujeeb Khan	BR	Roll No 1-16 MU1		Roll No 17-34 MU2		
Tuesday	Medicine Bacterial infections (enteric fever)	BREAK	Clinical Medicine In	Clinical Medicine Infectious Diseases			
7-1-25	-1-25 Lecture hall 3 Dr. Mujeeb Khan		Roll No 1-16 MU1		Roll No 17-34 MU2		
Wednesday	Medicine	M – 1	Clinical Medicine Infectious Diseases				
8-1-25	Parasitic Infections Malaria lecture hall 3 Dr. Mujeeb Khan	0:00AM	Roll No 1-16 MU1		Roll No 17-34 MU2		
Thursday	Medicine           Acid peptic disease		Clinical Medicine Gastroenterology and Hepatology				
9-1-25	Lecture hall 3 Dr Sadia		Roll No 1-16 MU1		Roll No 17-34 MU2		
	08:00AM - 12:00 PM						
Friday	Clinical Medicine Gastroenterology and H	lepa	atology				
10-1-25	Clinical Clerkship			Assessment on LMS			
	Roll No 1-16 MU1		Roll No 17-34 MU2				
Saturday 11-1-25							

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM		10:00am - 2:00	pm			
	Medicine	Clinical Medicine G	Clinical Medicine Gastroenterology and Hepatology				
Monday	Diarrhea and Malabsorption						
13-1-25	Lecture hall 3	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34			
	Dr. Tanveer/ AP	MU1	MU1 MU				
	Dr. Tanveer/ AP Medicine GI bleed	Clinical Madigina	astroontorology and Ha	natology			
Tuesday 14-1-25	GI bleed	Clinical Medicine Gastroenterology and Hepatology					
14-1-23	Lecture hall 3	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34			
	Dr. Tanveer/ AP	MU1		MU2			
Wednesd	Lecture hall 3 Dr. Tanveer/ AP Medicine	Clinical Medicine	Neurology				
ay 15-1-25	Stroke	_					
13-1-23	lecture hall 3 Dr. Waqas	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34			
	Dr. Waqas	MU1		MU2			
	Fituation	Clinical Medicine	Neurology				
Thursdon	CNS infections						
Thursday 16-1-25	Lecture hall 3	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34			
10-1-25	Dr. Waqas	MU1		MU2			
	08:30AM – 12:00 PM						
Friday	Clinical Medicine Neurology						
17-1-25	Clinical Clerkship						
	Roll No 1-16	Roll No 17-34					
	MU1	MU2					
Saturday 18-1-25			Assessment on LN	<b>1</b> S			

#### Time Table Week 6 (13-1-2025 to 18-1-25)

#### Time Table Week 7 (20-1-25 to 25-1-25)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM			10:00am – 2:00 pm		
	Medicine		Clinical Medicine Neurology				
Monday	Epilepsy						
20-1-25	Lecture hall 3		Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34		
	Dr Waqas	в	MU1		MU2		
	Medicine	RE	<b>Clinical Medicine E</b>	ndocrinology			
Tuesday	Diabetes	AK					
21-1-25	Lecture hall 3	9	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34		
	Dr. Lubna	<b>30</b> A	MU1		MU2		
Wednesd	Medicine	BREAK9:30AM -	Clinical Medicine	Endocrinology			
ay	Thyroid Disorders	10:					
22-1-25	lecture hall 3	00	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34		
	Dr. Lubna	10:00AM	MU1		MU2		
	Medicine		Clinical Medicine Endocrinology				
Thursday	Endocrinopathies						
23-1-25	Lecture hall 3		Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34		
	Dr. Lubna		MU1		MU2		
	08:30AM – 12:00 PM						
	Clinical Medicine Endocrinology						
Friday 24-1-25	Clinical Clerkship						
	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34				
	MU1		MU2	Δ	ssessment on LMS		
Saturday 25-1-25				A			

	Time Tal	ole V	Week 8 (27-1-25 to 1	1-2-25)					
	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM			10:00am – 2:	00 pm				
	Medicine		Clinical Medicine Dheumetelogy						
Monday	Rheumatoid Arthritis		Clinical Medicine Rheumatology						
27-1-25	Lecture hall 3		Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34				
	Dr Arif	BJ	MU1		MU2				
	Medicine	RE	Clinical Madiaina D						
Tuesday	SLE and vasculotidies	BREAK	Clinical Medicine R	theumatology					
28-1-25	Lecture hall 3	9	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34				
	Dr Arif		MU1		MU2				
	Dr Arif Medicine		Clinical Medicine -Hematology and Related Oncology		Oncology				
Wednesday 29-1-25	Anemia	10							
29-1-25	lecture hall 3	10:00AM	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34				
	Dr Arif		MU1		MU2				
	Medicine	A	Clinical Medicine -Hematology and Related Oncology						
Thursday	Platelet disorders and hematological malignancy								
30-1-25	Lecture hall 3		Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34				
	Dr Arif		MU1		MU2				
	08:30AM - 12:00 PM								
	Clinical Medicine Hematology and Related	l On	cology						
Friday 31-1-25	Clinical Clerkship								
51-1-25	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34						
	MU1		MU2						

# Medicine & Allied Cardiology Time Table Week 1 (3-2-25 to 8-2-25)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Cardiology	Cardiology		Clinical clerkship Cardiology
Monday 3-2-25	Lecture hall 3 General Approach to the Cardiovascular Patient	Lecture hall 3 Communication with Cardiovascular Patients	-	General Approach to the cardiovascular Patient
Tuesday 4-2-25	Cardiology Acute Coronary Syndrome: Clinical Features and Management	Cardiology HYPERTENSION	BREAK	Clinical clerkship Cardiology
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	10:00AM	Communication with cardiovascular Patients
	Cardiology	Cardiology		
Wednesday 5-2-25	Valvular Heart Diseases: Etiology, Diagnosis, and Management	Cardiomyopathies: Types, Diagnosis, and Treatment		Clinical clerkship Cardiology
	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		Case discussion related to Acute coronary syndrome
	Cardiology	Cardiology		Clinical clerkship Cardiology
Thursday	Lecture hall 3 Basics of ECG Reading: Understanding Normal and Abnormal Patterns	Lecture hall 3 Advanced ECG: Arrhythmias and Conduction Disorders		Case discussion related to Valvular heart disease
6-2-25	Cardiology			Clinical Cardiology
				Clinical Clerkship
	Lecture hall 3		E	CG reading, Cardiovascular Emergencies
Saturday 8-2-25				

# Medicine & Allied Cardiology Time Table Week 2 (10-2-25 to 15-2-25)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm	
	Cardiology	Cardiology			
Monday 10-2-25	Cardiovascular Emergencies: Tamponade, STEMI, and Aortic Dissection	Pericardial Diseases: Diagnosis and Management		Clinical clerkship Cardiology	
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	н	Outpatient Clinics: General Cardiology Cases	
Tuesday 11-2-25	Cardiology Infective Endocarditis: Diagnosis, Duke Criteria, and Treatment	Cardiology Myocarditis: Causes, Presentation, and Management		Clinical clerkship Cardiology	
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	BREAK 10:30AM	Observing common cardiac procedures	
	Cardiology	Cardiology	M - 11:00	Clinical clerkship Cardiology	
Wednesday 12-2-25	lecture hall 3 Preventive Cardiology: Risk Factor Management	Lecture hall 3 Cardiovascular Pharmacology: Antiplatelets, Anticoagulants, and Beta-Blockers		Case discussion related to Valvular heart disease	
	Cardiology	Cardiology		Clinical clerkship Cardiology	
Thursday 13-2-25	Lecture hall 3 Case based discussion Ischemic heart disease, heart failure	Lecture hall 3 Case based discussion Arrhythmia, valvular heart disease	-	Case discussion related to Heart Failure	
		08:00AM – 12:00 PM			
Friday		Clinical Cardiology Clinical Clerkship			
14-2-25					
ECG READING, CARDIOVASCULAR EMERGENCIES					
Saturday 15-2-25					

## Medicine & Allied

Dermatology Time Table Week 1 (17-2-25 to 22-2-25)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Dermatology	Dermatology		Clinical clerkship Dermatology
Monday	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		
17-2-25			<b>5</b>	
			RE	
Tuesday	Dermatology	Dermatology	BREAK	Clinical clerkship Dermatology
18-2-25	Lasture hall 2	Lecture hall 3		
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture nail 5	10:03AM	
			AN	
Wednesday	Dermatology	Dermatology	1	Clinical clerkship Dermatology
19-2-25	la starra la 11 2	Tastana hall 2	11:(	
	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	11:00AM	
	Dermatology	Dermatology	Ξ	Clinical clerkship Dermatology
Thursday				
20-2-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	-	
		08:00AM - 12:00 PM		
Fridan		Clinical Dermatology		
Friday 21-2-25		Clinical Clerkship		
	08:30AM – 10:30 PM	r 11.(	Nom	2:00 pp
				ular Activity
	Clinical Dermatology	y Co-Cl	incu	
Saturday 22-2-25	Sport Sport		orts	Ground
22-2-23	Clinical Clerkship	Mai	ı Car	mpus RMU

## Radiology Time Table Week 1 (24-2-25 to 1-3-25)

	8:30 AM - 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Radiology	Radiology		Clinical clerkship Radiology Radiology department Round & X Ray Unit
	Introduction to Radiology and	<b>Basics of X-Ray Positioning</b>		
Monday	Radiographic Techniques	& Interpretation		
24-2-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,		
	Department HFH	Radiology Department HFH		
	Dr. Riffat Raja	Dr. Riffat Raja		
	Radiology	Radiology		
Tuesday	Chest Radiography:	Basics Of CT Chest &	BR	Clinical clerkship Radiology- CT Scan Unit
25-2-25	pulmonary Pathologies	<b>Common Pathologies</b>	E.	
25-2-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,	K	
	Department HFH	Radiology Department HFH	10	
	Dr. Beenish Nadeem	Dr. Beenish Nadeem	:30	
	Radiology	Radiology	BREAK 10:30AM	
	Basics Of Ultrasound	Scanning Of abdomen and		Clinical clerkship Radiology— Ultrasound Unit
Wednesday		Pelvis		
26-2-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,		
	Department HFH	Radiology Department HFH	- 11:00AM	
	Dr. Aniqua Saleem	Dr. Aniqua Saleem		
	Radiology	Radiology		Clinical clerkship Radiology Radiation safety protocols
	Introduction to Nuclear	Radiation Safety		
Thursday	Medicine	_		
27-2-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,		
21-2-25	Department HFH	Radiology Department HFH		
	Dr Saba Binte Kashmir	Dr Saba Binte Kashmir		
	08:00AM - 12:00 PM			
			cal R	adiology
Friday				lerkship
28-2-25				
		Equip	ment	Handling
		1° F		
Saturday				
1-3-25				

### Medicine & Allied Radiology Time Table Week 2 (3-3-25 to 8-3-25)

	8:30 AM - 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm				
	Radiology	Radiology		Clinical clerkship Radiology CT and MRI Unit				
Monday	Brain Imaging	Spine Imaging						
03-3-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,						
03-3-23	department HFH	Radiology department HFH						
	Dr. Riffat Raja	Dr. Riffat Raja						
	Radiology	Radiology						
Tuesday	Introduction to Cardiovascular Imaging	Common Pathologies in CVS imaging	BRI	Clinical clerkship Radiology- CT Unit to observe CT Angiography				
04-3-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,	EA					
	department HFH	Radiology department HFH	K 1					
	Dr. Beenish Nadeem	Dr. Beenish Nadeem	0:					
	Radiology	Radiology	BREAK 10:30AM	Clinical chaladrin Dadicharry V Day CT & MDI Unit				
Wednesday	Introduction to	Common Musculoskeletal	1	Clinical clerkship Radiology— X Ray, CT & MRI Unit				
05-3-25	Musculoskeletal Imaging	Pathologies	11:00AM					
05-5-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,	00					
	department HFH	Radiology department HFH	AN					
	Dr. Aniqua Saleem	Dr. Aniqua Saleem						
	Radiology	Radiology		Clinical clerkship Radiology Observation of Interventional Procedures				
	Introduction to Interventional	Common Interventional						
Thursday	Radiology	Procedures						
06-3-25	Conference Room, Radiology	Conference Room,						
-	department HFH Dr Saba Binte Kashmir	Radiology department HFH Dr Saba Binte Kashmir						
	Dr Saba Binte Kasinini	Dr Saba Binte Kasimin						
	08:00AM - 12:00 PM							
Friday		Clin	nical	Radiology				
07-3-25		Clin	nical	Clerkship				
		Clinical Correlation						
Saturday								
08-3-25								

### Family Medicine Week 1(10-3-2025 to 15-3-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am	11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	Clinical clerkship Family Medicine
Monday	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
10-3-25			
	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	
Tuesday	Failing Medicine	Faimy Meultine	Clinical clerkship Family Medicine
11-3-25	Lecture hall 3		
			10:30 AM
Wednesd	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	Clinical deside Frankle Malitine
ay			Clinical clerkship Family Medicine
12-3-25	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
			Clinical clorkship Family Medicine
Thursday	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	Clinical clerkship Family Medicine
13-3-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
	Family Medicine	Clinical c	lerkship Family Medicine (9:30-12:30)
Friday			
14-3-25	Lecture hall 3		
G ( )			
Saturday 15-3-25		Assessment on LMS	

# Family Medicine

Week 2(17-3-2025 to 22-3-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am	в	11:00am – 2:00 pm
Monday	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	R	Clinical clerkship Family Medicine

17-3-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
-			
Tuesday	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	Clinical clerkship Family Medicine
18-3-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
Wednesd	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	Clinical clerkship Family Medicine
ay 19-3-25			
19-3-25	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
	Family Medicine	Family Medicine	Clinical clerkship Family Medicine
Thursday	~		
20-3-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
	Family Medicine	Clinical of	clerkship Family Medicine (9:30-12:30)
Friday			
21-3-25	Lecture hall 3		
Saturday			
22-3-25			Assessment on LMS

# Ramadan holidays

8:30 AM - 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am	11:00am – 2:00 pm

Monday 24-3-25	Ramadan Holidays	Ramadan Holidays		
Tuesday 25-3-25	Ramadan Holidays	Ramadan Holidays		
Wednesday 26-3-25	Ramadan Holidays	Ramadan Holidays		
Thursday 27-3-25	Ramadan Holidays	Ramadan Holidays		
Friday 28-3-25	Ramadan Holidays			
Saturday 29-3-25	Ramadan Holidays			

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30an	n		11:0	0am – 2:00 pm	
Monday 31-3-25				Eid holidays			
Tuesday 1-4-25			BREAK 10:00AM -	Eid holidays			
Wednesd ay 2-4-25			M – 10:30AM	Eid holidays			
	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery		
Thursday 3-4-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	_				
				Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2	
		08:00AM - 12:00 PM					
Friday		Clinical Surgery					
5-4-25		Clinical Clerkship					
	Roll No SU			Roll No 17-34 SU2		Assessment on LMS	
	08:30AM - 10:30 PM		11:00am	- 2:00 pm	201		
Saturday	Clinical Surgery		o-curricu	ular Activity			
6-4-25	Clinical Clerkship		Sports Iain Cai	Ground mpus RMU	Ground apus RMU		
	Roll No 1-16 Roll No SU1 SU						

	8:30 AM - 9:30 AN	M 09:30a	m – 10:30am		11:0	0am – 2:00 pm
	Surgery	5	Surgery	Clinical clerkship S	burgery	
Monday 8-4-25	Lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Tuesday	Surgery	<u> </u>	Surgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery	
9-4-25 -	Lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Wednesday 10-4-25	Surgery	5	Surgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery	
10 4 20	lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Thursday	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	Clinical clerkship Surgery	
11-4-25	Lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
		08:30AM -		•		
Friday 12-4-25		Clinical Clinical (				
		Roll No 1-16 SU1	-	Roll No 17-34 SU2		
	08:30AM - 10	:30 PM		m – 2:00 pm		Assessment on LMS
Saturday	Clinical Su	rgery		icular Activity		
13-4-25	Clinical Cle	-		ts Ground Campus RMU		
	Roll No 1-16 F SU1	Roll No 17-34 SU2				

#### Week 1 (8-4-2025 to 13-4-2025)

 Surgery

 Surgery

 Surgery
 Surgery
 Surgery

 Monday
 Surgery
 Clinical clerkship Surgery

15-4-25	Lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Tuesday	Surgery	S	burgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery	
16-4-25 -	Lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Wednesday 17-4-25	Surgery	S	burgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery	
17-4-25	lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Thursday	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery	1
18-4-25	Lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
		08:30AM -				
Friday 19-4-25		Clinical Clinical (				
		Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2		
Saturday	08:30AM – 10:30 PM Clinical Surgery			11:00am – 2:00 pm Co curricular Activity		Assessment on LMS
20-4-25	Clinical Cle	rkship		ts Ground 'ampus RMU		
	Roll No 1-16 I SU1	Roll No 17-34 SU2				

Surgery Week 3 (22-4-2025 to 27-4-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am	H	11:00am – 2:00 pm
Monday	Surgery	Surgery	~	Clinical clerkship Surgery

22-4-25							
22-4-25	Lecture hal	13 Lee	cture hall 3	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34	
				- SU1		SU2	
	Surgery		Surgery				
Tuesday				Clinical clerkship S	urgery		
23-4-25	Lecture hal	13 Lee	cture hall 3	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34	
				SU1		SU2	
Wednesday	nesday Surgery Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery			
24-4-25	lecture hall	13 I.e.	cture hall 3	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34	
				SU1		SU2	
	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery		
Thursday						1	
25-4-25	Lecture hal	13 Lee	cture hall 3	Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34	
				SU1		SU2	
		08:30AM	- 12:00 PM			l	
Friday			Surgery				
26-4-25		Clinical	Clerkship				
		Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34			
		SU1	11.00	SU2			
	08:30AM	– 10:30 PM		0am – 2:00 pm		Assessment on LMS	
Saturday	Clinical	l Surgery	Co cur	ricular Activity			
27-4-25	Clinical	Clerkship		orts Ground Campus RMU			
	Roll No 1-16	Roll No 17-34					
	SU1	SU2					

Week 4 (29-4-2025 to 4-5-2025)							
	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm			
	Surgery	Surgery B		Clinical clerkship Surgery			
Monday	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	ΕA	Roll No 1-16	Roll No 17-34		
29-4-25			K	SU1	SU2		
				501	562		

**Surgery** Week 4 (29-4-2025 to 4-5-2025)

Tuesday	Surgery	S	urgery		Clinical clerkship S	Clinical clerkship Surgery		
30-4-25	Lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3		Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2	
Wednesday 1-5-25	Surgery	S	urgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery		
1-5-25	lecture hall 3	Lec	ture hall 3		Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2	
Thursday	Surgery	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery		
2-5-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3			Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2	
	08:30 AM – 12:00 PM			•	•			
Friday 3-5-25	Clinical Surgery Clinical Clerkship							
	Ro	oll No 1-16 SU1			Roll No 17-34 SU2	Assessment on LMS		
	08:30AM - 10:3	30 PM	11:00	11:00am – 2:00 pm				
Saturday	Clinical Surgery		Co-curi	Co-curricular Activity				
4-5-25					Ground npus RMU			
	Roll No 1-16 Ro SU1 Ro	oll No 17-34 SU2						

### Surgery Week 5 (6-5-2025 to 11-5-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:0	0am – 2:00 pm
	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship Surgery	
Monday 6-5-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	BREAK	Roll No 1-16 SU1	Roll No 17-34 SU2
Tuesday 7-5-25	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship Surgery	

-	Lecture hall 3	Lect	ure hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Wednesday 8-5-25	Surgery	S	urgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery	302
8-5-25	lecture hall 3	Lect	ure hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Thursday	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery	502
9-5-25	Lecture hall 3	Lect	ure hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Friday	08:00AM – 12:00 PM Clinical Surgery Clinical Clerkship					
10-5-25	Ro	oll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2		
Saturday	08:30AM – 10:3 Clinical Surg			11:00am – 2:00 pm Co-curricular Activity		Assessment on LMS
11-5-25	Clinical Clerkship		Sports Ground Main Campus RMU			
	Roll No 1-16 Ro SU1	oll No 17-34 SU2				

### Surgery Week 6 (13-5-2025 to 18-5-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am	H	11:0	0am – 2:00 pm
	Surgery	Surgery	BRI	Clinical clerkship Surgery	
Monday	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	EAK	Roll No 1-16	Roll No 17-34
13-5-25			10	SU1	SU2
	Surgery	Surgery	:00		
Tuesday 14-5-25	Surgery	Surgery	AM	Clinical clerkship Surgery	
-	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	Ϊ.	Roll No 1-16	Roll No 17-34

					SU1		SU2
Wednesday 15-5-25	Surgery	S	irgery		Clinical clerkship S	ırgery	
15-5-25	lecture hall	3 Lec	ture hall 3	<b>II 3</b> Roll No 1-16			Roll No 17-34
					SU1		SU2
	Surgery	Surgery			Clinical clerkship St	ırgery	
Thursday							
16-5-25	Lecture hall	3 Lec	ture hall 3		Roll No 1-16		Roll No 17-34
					SU1		SU2
	08:00AM – 12:00 PM						
Friday	Clinical Surgery						
17-5-25	Clinical Clerkship						
	Roll No 1-16				Roll No 17-34		
		SU1			SU2		
	08:30AM -	- 10:30 PM		11:00am – 2:00			Assessment on LMS
Saturday	Clinical Surgery		Co curricular Activity				
18-5-25	Clinical Clerkship		Sports Ground Main Campus RMU				
	Roll No 1-16	Roll No 17-34					
	SU1	SU2					

Surgery	
Week 7 (29-4-2025 to 25-5-2025)	

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:0	0am – 2:00 pm	
	Surgery	Surgery	в			
Monday 20-5-25	Fracture Classifications Complications		REAK 1	Clinical clerkship Surgery		
20-5-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		Roll No 1-16	Roll No 17-34	
				SU1	SU2	
			Z		502	
Tuesday	Surgery	Surgery	T	Clinical clerkship Surgery		
21-5-25						

-	Lecture hall 3	Lect	ure hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Wednesday	Surgery	S	urgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery	302
22-5-25	lecture hall 3	Lect	ure hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Thursday	Surgery	Surgery		Clinical clerkship S	urgery	502
23-5-25	Lecture hall 3	Lect	ure hall 3	Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2
Friday	08:00AM – 12:00 PM Clinical Surgery					
24-5-25	R	Clinical Clerkship Roll No 1-16 SU1		Roll No 17-34 SU2		
Saturday	08:30AM – 10: Clinical Surg			11:00am – 2:00 pm Co curricular Activity		Assessment on LMS
25-5-25	Clinical Clerkship		Sports Ground Main Campus RMU			
	Roll No 1-16 Ro SU1	coll No 17-34 SU2				

### Surgery Surgery Week 8 (27-5-2025 to 1-6-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm
Monday	Surgery	Surgery	BRE	Clinical clerkship Surgery
27-5-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	AK	
			$\square$	
	Surgery	Surgery	0:0	Clinical clerkship Surgery
Tuesday 28-5-25			0A	Chinical cief Ksinp Surgery
	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	A	

Wednesday 29-5-25	Surgery	Surgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery
27 0 20	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		
Thursday	Surgery	Surgery	Clinical clerkship S	urgery
30-5-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	-	
		08:00AM - 12:00 PM		
Friday		Clinical Orthopedic		
31-5-25		Clinical Clerkship		
	08:30AM - 10:30 PM	11:0	0am – 2:00 pm	Assessment on LMS
Saturday	Clinical Orthopedic	Co-cu	rricular Activity	
1-6-25	Clinical Clerkship		orts Ground Campus RMU	

# Surgery & Allied Orthopedics Week 1 (3-6-2025 to 8-6-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Orthopedics	Orthopedic		Clinical clerkship Orthopedic
Monday 3-6-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	BREAK	
Tuesday 4-6-25	Orthopedic	Orthopedic		Clinical clerkship Orthopedic

	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		
Wednesday	Orthopedic	Orthopedic		Clinical clerkship Orthopedic
5-6-25	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	-	
Thursday 6-6-25	Eid Ul Adha Break			Eid Ul Adha Break
Friday 7-6-25		Eid Ul Adha Break		
Saturday 8-6-25		Eid Ul Adha Break		Eid Ul Adha Break

# Surgery& Allied Orthopedics Week 2 (10-6-2025 to 15-6-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Orthopedics	Orthopedics	BI	Clinical clerkship Orthopedics
Monday 10-6-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	REAK	
	O-there it's			
Tuesday 11-6-25	Orthopedics	Orthopedics	OOAN	Clinical clerkship Orthopedics
-	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		

Wednesday 12-6-25	Orthopedics	Orthopedics	Clinical clerkship Orthopedics
12-0-23	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
Thursday	Orthopedics	Orthopedics	Clinical clerkship Orthopedic
13-6-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	
Friday		08:00AM – 12:00 PM Clinical Orthopedic	
14-6-25		Clinical Clerkship	
	08:30AM – 10:30 PM	11:00	am – 2:00 pm Assessment on LMS
Saturday	Clinical Orthopedic	Co-cur	vicular Activity
15-6-25	Clinical Clerkship		rts Ground Campus RMU

# Surgery& Allied Urology Week 1 (17-6-2025 to 22-6-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am	в	11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Urology	Urology	RE.	Clinical clerkship Urology
Monday	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	AK	
17-6-25			10:	
			00	
<b>.</b> .	Urology	Urology	A	Clinical clerkship Urology
Tuesday 18-6-25			1	
-	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	10:	
			30.	
Wednesday 19-6-25	Urology	Urology	AM	Clinical clerkship Urology

	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		
Thursday	Urology	Urology	Clinical clerkship U	Jrology
20-6-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		
	0	08:00AM - 12:00 PM		
Friday		Clinical Urology		
21-6-25		Clinical Clerkship		
	08:30AM - 10:30 PM		am – 2:00 pm	Assessment on LMS
Saturday	Clinical Urology	Co-cur	ricular Activity	
22-6-25	Clinical Clerkship		rts Ground Campus RMU	

# Surgery& Allied Urology Week 2 (24-6-2025 to 28-6-2025)

	8:30 AM – 9:30 AM	09:30am – 10:30am		11:00am – 2:00 pm
	Urology	Urology		Clinical clerkship Urology
Monday 24-6-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		
24-0-23			BRE	
	Urology	Urology	AK	Clinical clerkship Urology
Tuesday 25-6-25			10:(	Chinical clerkship Orology
-	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	:00A	
			M	
Wednesday	Urology	Urology	- 10:	Clinical clerkship Urology
26-6-25			30	
	lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3	AM	
	<b>T</b> T <b>1</b>	TT 1		
Thursday 27-6-25	Urology	Urology	-	Clinical clerkship Urology
21-0-25	Lecture hall 3	Lecture hall 3		

	08:00AM	- 12:00 PM	
Friday	Clinical	Urology	
28-6-25	Clinical	Clerkship	
	08:30AM - 10:30 PM	11:00am – 2:00 pm	Assessment on LMS
Saturday	Clinical Urology	Co-curricular Activity	
29-6-25	Clinical Clerkship	Sports Ground Main Campus RMU	

## Monitoring

### Monitoring of the RMU-Al Azhar Collaboration

Effective monitoring is essential to ensure that the objectives of the academic collaboration are achieved and that both institutions benefit from the partnership. The following framework outlines key aspects of monitoring:

#### **1. Monitoring Objectives**

- Assess Progress: Evaluate the implementation of planned activities, including student exchange programs, clinical training, and research projects.
- Ensure Quality: Monitor the quality of education, mentorship, and resources provided to students and faculty.
- Identify Challenges: Detect issues early, such as logistical problems, academic gaps, or cultural barriers, and take corrective actions.
- **Evaluate Impact**: Measure the impact of the collaboration on students' learning outcomes, faculty development, and institutional growth.

#### 2. Key Monitoring Indicators

#### **Academic Indicators**

• Performance in assessments, clinical skills, and research outputs.

#### Support for Gaza Students

- Accessibility of psychosocial support services for war-affected students.
- Retention rates and academic performance of Gaza students in RMU programs.

#### 3. Monitoring Mechanisms

#### **Regular Reporting**

- Prepare periodic reports detailing achievements, challenges, and recommendations.
- Include input from students, faculty, and administrators from both institutions.

#### **Feedback Collection**

- Conduct regular surveys and interviews with participating students and faculty to gather insights.
- Use feedback to improve program activities and address concerns promptly.

#### **Technology Use**

- Utilize digital tools like learning management systems (LMS) and data analytics to track student progress and program outcomes.
- Maintain a shared platform for real-time updates and collaboration.













# Visit of Al-Khidmat and Doctors of Rehman for monitoring



S. No	Name	Gender	Blood group	Typhoid vaccine	Influenza vaccine	Date	Hepatitis B vaccine	Date
1	Alaa a. M. Soboh	F	B Positive	Done	Done	20/11/024	First dose given	31/10/2024
2	Alaa Omar Abedalaqalek Alajjouri	F	B Positive	Done	Done	18/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
3	Arwa R. M. Bolbol	F	O Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
4	Asmaa Zakria Ahmad Alnajjar	F	APositive	Done	Done	19/11/ 2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
5	Bisan M S.Saed	F		Done	Done	18/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
6	Dima N. A. Aldalsa	F	APositive	Done	Done	19 /11/ 2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
7	Eman H. H. Kuheil	F	O Negative	Done	Done	20/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
8	Haya M. A. Alfarra	F	B positive	Done	Done	19/11/ 2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
9	Haya M.S. Alkahlout	F						
10	Heba M M Mourtaga	F	APositive		Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024

## Annexure A

11	Lamis A A. Alfarra	F	B Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
12	Marah Akram Hassan Nijim	F	APositive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
13	Nour T M Diab	F		Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
14	Tagreed M. M. Masoud	F	A Positive		Done	19 /11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
15	Yara a. H. Alsayedsalim	F	A Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
16	Abdallah W. A. Muhaisen	М	B Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
17	Abdulla W A Daoud	М					First dose given	31/10/2024
18	Basel H M. Abusaqer	М	APositive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
19	Ghaith N H Airayyes	М	O Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
20	Ibrahim F. A. Muhaisen	М	B Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
21	Karim k. M. Altawashi	М	O Positive	Done	Done	20/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
22	Karim N. H. Aljurf	М	A Positive	Done	Done	20/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
23	Mahmoud M. M. Shamia	М	AB Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
24	Mohamed R M Tahtawi	М				20/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
25	Mohammed a. J. Iamad	М	APositive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024

27	Mohammed k s zreid	М	O positive	Done	Done	19 /11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
29	Naser r. N. Abushammala	М	B Positive	Done	Done	20/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
30	Omar J. S. Aldadah	М	O Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
31	Tareq J. Y. Eleyan	М	O Negative	Done	Done	20/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
32	Monther B. A. Karaja	М	O Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
33	Mohammed S. S. Jaber	М	O Positive	Done	Done	19/11/2024	First dose given	31/10/2024
34	Hammam M. S. Helassa	М	O Negative	Done	Done			

#### Annexure B Psychological Assessment Report (2-11-2024) Rawalpindi Medical University

Sr. No	Name	Age	Gender	PHQ-9	Interpretation
01	Karim K.M. Ahawashi	23	Male	<u>Score</u> 07	Mild
02	Arwa Bolbol	23	Female	10	Moderate
03	Basel Sager	27	Male	05	Mild
04	Karim Naji Aljurf	27	Male	12	Moderate
05	Yara Alsayed Salim	22	Female	12	Moderate
06	Naser Abu Shammala	22	Male	00	Normal
07	Mohammed	24	Male	10	Moderate
08	Ghaith	22	Male	20	Severe
09	Abdallah Muhaisen	22	Male	09	Mild
10	Ibrahim Muhaisen	21	Male	06	Mild
11	Monther Karaja	22	Male	25	Severe
12	Haya Alkah	23	Female	25	Severe
13	Mohammed A.J. Jamal	22	Male	21	Severe
14	Marah Nijim	22	Female	19	Moderately Severe

15	Hammam	22	Male	11	Moderate
16	Alaa Soboh	22	Female	15	Moderately Severe
17	Haya Alfarra	22	Female	10	Moderate
18	Bisan Maher Saed	22	Female	10	Moderate
19	Alaa O.A.Alajjuri	-	Female	07	Mild
20	Asmaa Z.A Alnajjar	-	Female	17	Moderately Severe
21	Mohammed 0K.S.Zreid	22	Male	02	Minimal
22	Momin	22	Male	08	Mild
23	Tareq Eleyan	23	Male	02	Minimal
24	Heba M.M Mourlaga	22	Male	10	Moderate
25	Tagreed Masoud	21	Female	07	Mild
26	Abdulla Daoud	22	Male	06	Mild
27	Eman Kaheel	21	Female	16	Moderately Severe
28	Omer	22	Male	09	Mild
29	Mahmoud M.M.Shamia	22	Male	19	Moderately Severe

### Note:

PHQ-9 Score	Depression Severity
0-4	Non-Minimal
5-9	Mild
10-14	Moderate
15-19	Moderately Severe
20-27	Severe

Annexure C RAWALPINDI MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

#### EVALUATION OF AL-AZHAR UNIVERSITY STUDENTS Date:1/11/2024 Time allocated:50 minutes

#### Anatomy

- 1. Which statement accurately describes the function and structure of parietal cells that they are?
  - a. Located in the neck region of glands and secrete pepsinogen.
  - b. Found in the lower half of the gastric glands and secrete bicarbonates.
  - c. Found mainly in the upper half of the gastric glands and secrete hydrochloric acid (HCl).
    - d. Present throughout all regions of the stomach and produce mucus.
    - e. Abundant in the pyloric glands and release gastrin to stimulate gastric secretions.
- 2. During abdominal surgery, a surgeon notes a structure formed by the modification of the external oblique muscle near the inguinal region. The surgeon explains the functional significance of this modification in the prevention of abdominal hernias. The modification of external oblique muscle includes
  - a. Rectus sheath
  - b. Internal spermatic fascia
  - c. Conjoint tendon
  - d. Fascia transversalis
  - e. Deep inguinal ring
- 3. A neonate is born with a visible protrusion of abdominal contents covered by a thin sac at the base of the umbilical cord. The pediatric surgeon explains that the condition is due to an embryological defect in the return of intestinal loops to the abdominal cavity during development. Failure of the intestinal loops to return to the abdominal cavity results in
  - a. Vitelline fistula
  - b. Omphalocele
  - c. Gastroschisis
  - d. Left sided colon
  - e. Hirschsprung's disease
- 4. A patient presents with flank pain, and the physician suspects a kidney-related condition. The physician applies gentle pressure over the renal angle to elicit tenderness. The renal angle is defined as the space between the lower border of the 12th rib and the outer border of a muscle. Based on the anatomy, which muscle is involved in this anatomical landmark
  - a. Erector spinae
  - b. Latissimus dorsi
  - c. Quadratus lumborum

- d. Spinalis capitus
- e. Psoas major
- 5. In a roadside accident, a 34-year-old patient presented with extensive hemorrhage from the basilar artery. Which of these will be the most prominent symptom in this patient?
  - a. Ipsilateral paralysis of limbs
  - b. Contralateral facial paralysis
  - c. Pinpoint pupils
  - d. Dysphagia
  - e. Hemiparesis
- 6. A 28-year-old pregnant woman underwent routine second-trimester maternal serum screening. The results showed significantly elevated levels of alpha-fetoprotein (AFP). Given this finding, the obstetrician suspected a potential neural tube defect in the developing fetus. The following condition is most commonly associated with elevated maternal serum AFP levels?
  - a. Down syndrome

•		
	b. Spina bifida	
	c. Arnold Chiari Syndrome	
d. Microcephaly		
	e. Turner syndrome	
	7.	
	a. It contains the medullary sinuses which drain lymph to the efferent lymph vessel.	
	b. It is contains subcapsular sinus, cortical sinus	
	c. It is the site where B cells differentiate into plasma cells.	

d. It consists of groups of mainly inactivated T cells

e. It primarily consists of reticular fibers and macrophages with no distinct structure.

- 8. A Radiologist reported a fracture of left 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> rib of a boy in road traffic accident. Which structure is prone to get injured?
  - a. Thymus
  - b. Liver
  - c. Spleen
  - d. Left bronchus
  - e. Bilateral Vagus nerve
- 9. A 45-year-old woman presented to the dermatologist with a complaint of persistent and itchy rash on her forearm. Dermatologist noticed the rash was located primarily in the epidermal layer of the skin. Which cells most likely plays a key role in her symptoms?
  - a. Keratinocytes
  - b. Melanocytes
  - c. Langerhans cells

- d. Fibroblasts.
- e. Merkel cells.
- 10. The most powerful extensor of the hip is:
  - a. Gluteus maximus
  - b. Psoas major
  - c. Iliacus
  - d. Obturator externus
  - e. Piriformis

#### Biochemistry

- 11. A researcher is studying the effects of temperature changes on the behavior of cell membranes in a variety of organisms. The researcher observes that at lower temperatures, the membrane becomes more rigid, while at higher temperatures, it becomes more fluid. Fluidity of cell membrane is maintained by:
  - a. Water
  - b. Triglycerides
  - c. Cholesterol
  - d. Integral protein
  - e. Peripheral protein

12. A patient with diabetes is undergoing a metabolic evaluation, and the endocrinologist explains how glucose enters cells via specific transporters. The doctor emphasizes that these transporters allow glucose to cross the cell membrane without direct energy expenditure but still depend on concentration gradients. Glucose transporters are examples of which type of transport mechanism:

- a. Passive
- b. Facilitated
- c. Primary active
- d. Secondary active
- e. Endocytosis

13. A pharmaceutical scientist is formulating an emulsion for a topical medication. The emulsion is a mixture of oil and water, and it is observed that without an emulsifying agent, the two phases separate quickly. In the phenomenon of emulsion, the role of emulsifying agent is to:

- a. Stabilize the oil water interface
- b. Solubilize the water interface
- c. Intermix the oil water interface
- d. Making soap solution
- e. Formation of detergent

14. A researcher is studying the effects of a newly discovered drug on an enzymatic reaction. The drug binds to an enzyme at a site other than the active site, leading to a decrease in the reaction rate, regardless of the substrate concentration. This suggests the drug is a non-competitive inhibitor.

- a. Don't affect Vmax
- b. Increase Vmax
- c. Bind active site of enzyme
- d. Compete with substrate
- e. Don't affect Km

15. A patient presented in the emergency room with severe anterior abdominal pain radiating to the back. Laboratory examination revealed an elevated serum amylase. The patient is most likely suffering from:

- a. Myocardial infarction
- b. Acute parotitis
- c. Acute pancreatitis
- d. Stroke
- e. Skeletal muscle injury in epigastric region
- 16. When O2 supply is inadequate, pyruvate is converted to:
  - a. Phosphoenol pyruvate
  - b. Acetyl CoA
  - c. Lactate
  - d. Alanine
  - e. Oxaloacetate

17. The enterokinase activates the following zymogen present in pancreatic juice:

- a. Trypsinogen
- b. Pepsinogen
- c. Proelastase
- d. Chymotrypsinogen
- e. Procarboxypeptidase

18. Which glycoside contains fructose and should be avoided when feeding or treating patient of Hereditary Fructose Intolerance?

- a. Sucrose
- b. Ouabain
- c. Lactose
- d. Maltose
- e. Trehalose

19. A 55-year-old patient with a history of hypertension and recurrent episodes of leg swelling visits the clinic for a follow-up. The physician advises the patient to restrict sodium intake as part of their management plan. The patient asks why sodium restriction is necessary for their condition. In which of the following conditions is sodium restriction commonly advised as part of the management plan?

- a. Addison's disease
- b. Diarrhea
- c. Hypertension

d. Asthma

e. Diabetes Mellitus

20. The following is the post-transnationally modified amino acid present in collagen:

- a. Acetyl histidine
- b. Hydroxyproline
- c. Phosphorylated tyrosine
- d. Cystine
- e. Glycosylated asparagine

#### Pharmacology

21. A 30-year-old patient presents to the emergency department with nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain after intentionally ingesting a large quantity of acetaminophen tablets. Laboratory tests reveal elevated liver enzymes and a prolonged prothrombin time, indicating liver dysfunction. What is the most common type of liver injury associated with acetaminophen (paracetamol) overdose?

- a. Cholestatic liver injury
- b. Hepatocellular necrosis
- c. Mixed liver injury
- d. Steatosis
- e. Phospholipoids

22. Which of the following drugs is commonly associated with idiosyncratic cholestatic liver injury?

- a. Amoxicillin-clavulanate
- b. Amphotericin
- c. Isoniazid
- d. Rifampicin
- e. Simvastatin

23. A patient develops abnormal liver function tests after initiation of antitubercular therapy. Which drug is most likely responsible?

- a. Isoniazid
- b. Rifampicin
- c. Pyrazinamide
- d. Ethambutol
- e. Streptomycin
- 24. During labor, a woman experiences strong uterine contractions that help facilitate the delivery of her baby. The attending obstetrician explains that these contractions are triggered and regulated by a specific hormone released during childbirth. What is the primary function of oxytocin during childbirth?
  - a. Stimulate fetal heart rate
  - b. Relax uterine muscles
  - c. Induce uterine contractions

- d. Reduce cervical dilation
- e. Promote placental separation
- 25. What is the primary route of oxytocin administration?
  - a. Oral
  - b. Intravenous
  - c. Intramuscular
  - d. Subcutaneous
  - e. Transdermal
- 26. A 60-year-old patient with hypertension is prescribed a thiazide diuretic to control their blood pressure. During a follow-up visit, the patient reports mild muscle cramps and weakness. What is a common side effect of thiazide diuretics?
  - a. Hyperkalemia
  - b. Hypokalemia
  - c. Hypernatremia
  - d. Hyponatremia
  - e. Hypercalcemia
- 27. A 45-year-old patient with liver cirrhosis presents with abdominal swelling and lower extremity edema. The physician prescribes a specific diuretic to manage the fluid retention, explaining that it is particularly effective for conditions involving aldosterone-mediated fluid retention Which diuretic is often used to treat edema associated with liver cirrhosis?
  - a. Furosemide
  - b. Spironolactone
  - c. Hydrochlorothiazide
  - d. Amiloride
  - e. Triamterene
- 28. What is the primary indication for potassium-sparing diuretics?
  - a. Hypertension
  - b. Heart failure
  - c. Nephrotic syndrome
  - d. Hyperaldosteronism
  - e. Ascites
- 29. What is the primary mechanism of action of aspirin as an antiplatelet agent?
  - a. Inhibits ADP receptor
  - b. Blocks thromboxane A2 synthesis
  - c. Enhances prostacyclin production
  - d. Inhibits phosphodiesterase
  - e. Increases nitric oxide levels
- 30. Which of the following is a potential side effect of benzodiazepines?

- a. Increased alertness
- b. Improved memory
- c. Enhanced cognitive function
- d. Respiratory stimulation
- e. Sedation

#### Pathology

31. Which of these statements about normal flora is true?

- a. They are always harmful to the host.
- b. They are present in the internal organs
- c. They can protect against pathogenic microbes.
- d. They are primarily found in the bloodstream.
- e. They are absent in the gastrointestinal tract.

32. A 45-year-old patient with a history of anemia undergoes a bone marrow biopsy to assess hematopoietic activity. The physician explains that hematopoiesis, the process of blood cell production, is limited to specific sites in adults and shifts from its widespread distribution during early development. In adult life hemopoiesis is confined to:

- a. Spleen
- b. Liver
- c. All bones
- d. Vertebra and ribs
- e. Spleen and liver
- 33. Most common cause of microcytic hypochromic anaemia is:
  - a. Iron deficiency
  - b. Folate deficiency
  - c. Vitamin B12 deficiency
  - d. Pernicious anaemia
  - e. Vitamin B 6 deficiency

34. A blood transfusion is being prepared for a patient with blood group O. The laboratory technician explains that the blood group is determined by specific antigens on the surface of red blood cells (RBCs). Blood group O individuals are unique because of the lack of certain antigens. Person having blood group O has the following antigen of the surface of RBC:

- a. A
- b. B
- c. AB
- d. No antigen
- e. Both A &B antigen

35. Which of the following types of necrosis is most commonly associated with ischaemic injury?

a. Coagulative necrosis

- b. Liquefactive necrosis
- c. Caseous necrosis
- d. Fat necrosis
- e. Gangrenous necrosis

36. Which of the following statement is correct regarding metaplasia?

- a. Reversible change in the cells
- b. Increased nuclear: cytoplasmic ratio
- c. Increase in the size and number of cells
- d. Pleomorphic cells
- e. Abnormal mitosis
- 37. A clean incised wound heals by:
  - a. Primary intention
  - b. secondary intention
  - c. excessive scarring
  - d. contracture formation
  - e. Keloid formation
- 38. Which of the following is the Hallmark of acute inflammation?
  - a. Neutrophils
  - b. Lymphocytes
  - c. Macrophages
  - d. Granulation tissue
  - e. Granuloma formation
- 39. Regarding Septic shock, which statement is correct?
  - a. Is basically due to inadequate blood or plasma volume
  - b. Is never seen in gram-positive septicemia
  - c. Is mostly the result of gram-negative endotoxemia
  - d. Does not require urgent intervention
  - e. Is mediated by Immunoglobulin IgE
- 40. The best method which destroy the spores is:
  - a. Dry heat
  - b. Boiling
  - c. Autoclaving
  - d. Gamma radiation
  - e. Hot air oven

Physiology

41. Angiotensin-II is responsible for:

- a. Stimulation of thirst center
- b. Inhibition of thirst center
- c. Dilatation of systemic arterioles
- d. Salt retention by distal portions of the nephron
- e. Stimulation of renin secretion

42. Gastric emptying is enhanced by:

- a. Gastric distension
- b. Enterogastrone
- c. Sectioning of vagus
- d. Hyperosmolarity of duodenal chyme
- e. Presence of proteins in the duodenum

43. A 19 years old boy got his brachial artery cut in a motorcycle accident. The greatest percentage of the blood volume for compensation will come from:

- a. Aorta
- b. Muscular arteries
- c. Small arteries
- d. Arterioles and capillaries
- e. Veins and venules
- 44. A characteristic clinical feature of right ventricular failure is:
  - a. Mitral stenosis
  - b. Raised JVP
  - c. Splenomegaly
  - d. Pulsus alternans
  - e. Triple rhythm

45. An old lady often experiences episodes of backache which are relieved upon massage of the painful area. The physiological basis of relief is the:

- a. Stimulation of alpha fibers
- b. Stimulation of beta fibers
- c. Stimulation of delta fibers
- d. Inhibition of beta fibers
- e. Generation of graded potentials in C-type fibers
- 46. A young diabetic lady develops neuropathy in the sensory neurons related with the free nerve endings. The sensation with increased threshold for stimulation is likely to be:
  - a. Two point discrimination
  - b. Vibration
  - c. Temperature

- d. Pressure
- e. Joint position
- 47. Arterial hypercapnia is going to stimulate:
  - a. Pulmonary chemoreceptors
  - b. Medullary chemoreceptors
  - c. Hypothamalic chemoreceptors
  - d. Aortic bodies
  - e. Carotid bodies

48. Increased production of both insulin and glucagon from pancreatic islets occurs when there is an increase in the plasma levels of:

- a. Glucose
- b. Amino acid
- c. Cholecystokinin
- d. Somatostatin
- e. Exogenous insulin

49. The hormone which is secreted in normal concentrations during pregnancy is :

- a. Prolactin
- b. Thyroxine
- c. Parathyroid hormone
- d. Growth hormone
- e. ACTH
- 50. Mother's milk is a poor source of :
  - a. Casein
  - b. Lactalbumin
  - c. Lactoferrin
  - d. Iron
  - e. Calcium